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SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.
(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

DEWEY'S PLAIN TALK.

The account which we reproduce elsewhere of Admiral Dewey's talk in New York is very remarkable. The generals and the high placed sailors of the present day seem to be a rather garrulous set, or perhaps it would be more exact to say that the wiles of the modern reporter have trapped them into appearing so. But, barring the Diedericks interview, which Dewey has disavowed, the hero of Manila seems to have kept himself, so far, out of the pitfalls into which Coghlan and the other fighting babblers have fallen.

In his New York talk, however, in which Admiral Dewey persists in his reticence on other delicate subjects, Diedericks included, the guest of the nation quite takes the breath away with his plain talk about his military colleague at Manila, General Otis. In respect to this officer the Admiral has plainly forced the President's hand, and, while he has violated all the proprieties in doing so, the sentiment of the people is so strongly in sympathy with his caustic criticism of the "Governor General" of the Philippines that there is no danger of his being called to account for it. On the contrary, it is almost certain that the President will in consequence be compelled to supersede General Otis, and it appears equally certain that that was Dewey's object.

WHAT ARE TRUSTS?

The Philadelphia Record says:

"A greater degree of exactitude is necessary to the intelligent discussion of the question of Trusts. We are told that the Trusts control nearly all manufacturing trades and sources of production of raw materials in this country. What is the real truth of the matter? A few years ago, prior to the enactment of stringent laws against Trusts, or combinations in restraint of trade, it was the practice to select a board of trustees (from which the name of "Trusts" arose) to control the product and prices of certain commodities; but the individual ownership of the properties absorbed was not merged into the Trust, and the executive management of each establishment remained in the hands of the original owners. Such combinations having been declared illegal both by Federal and State laws, the Trusts have all been dissolved. In this sense, therefore, the statement may be accepted as correct that there are no Trusts in this country at the present time. The old saying that no law can be framed through which a skillful legal jeu can not drive a coach and four, however, was exemplified in the abolition of Trusts. There ensued an immediate reunion of the same interests, with new and enlarged powers obtained through omnibus charters granted by some States (notably New Jersey) permitting such corporations to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in commodities of various kinds, to purchase stock of other corporations, and, in fact, to do whatsoever business they might choose to undertake, without limitation."

Our contempory truly says that under such comprehensive charters all of the overcapitalized corporations, "incorrectly called Trusts," are now found, and they are, as a rule, carefully acting within their rights. It is perfectly legal, of course, for the manufacturer of any given article to sell out his plant and business to whom he pleases. If so, then all the manufacturers of that article may, if they see fit, sell their plants and businesses to the same purchaser. Thus a monopoly is at once established, which we call a Trust, but which is really not a Trust in the original sense but a trade combination so complete as to establish a monopoly.

That is all true, but what the public is concerned with is not the appropriateness or inappropriateness of the name; it is the concrete thing which hurts them and which it is sought to remove or render harmless. Nevertheless, our contemporary is quite right in saying that as the anti-trust laws were aimed at the Trusts as the word was originally understood (that is, a body holding stocks in trust), a fight against Trusts which have no existence is "to fight windmills in true Quixotic style."

Having cleared away the dead wood to that extent, our contemporary proceeds to declare that consumers of the products of the monopolies which have succeeded the Trusts are not defenseless. Trusts founded upon government favor can be destroyed by abolishing the discriminations upon which they are founded, the protective tariff, for example; and other monopolies may be restrained by publicity, which is bound to reveal the points to which corrective legislation may be applied.

The discussion of the question in this way is helpful, and the more the better. But we believe Mr. Bryan's plan, which we published the other day, is the true one. Let the tariff be amended to meet the difficulty and let the monopolistic corporations be subjected to all the publicity which their creators, the people, may desire; but the Federal license for those doing interstate business is the comprehensive plan. Such a law would be entirely constitutional, and under it the minutest germ of injury to the public could be eliminated as a condition of the issuing of the license.

That's Right.

Raleigh News and Observer.

Hon. Dan Hugh McLean, of Harnett, member of the General Assembly, and one of the ablest men in the House, returned home yesterday, after spending several days in Raleigh. Everybody wants to see Mr. McLean installed in Dr. Cy Thompson's official seat at the capitol building when the new Democratic Secretary of State goes into office in 1901.

One Minute Cough Cure. cures.
That is what it was made for.

Dr. Alderman's Speech at the University.

The Chapel Hill correspondent of the Raleigh News and Observer gives an account of President Alderman's address at the opening of the new session of the University, which we subjoin. Like everything which this remarkable man says, it is of absorbing interest.

Says the correspondent:

On Tuesday, the 19th, all the departments assembled in Gerrard Hall to hear the opening address of the President. There was much of dignity and impressiveness in the mere gathering. The old hall which has resounded with the eloquence of Polk and Graham and Mangum and Vance was filled to its utmost capacity with representative young men from all over the State and from eleven States of the Union. It was a gathering of the picked youth of the State. Boys were there whose grandfathers had graduated at the University. There were two, at least, who were the sons of men who had graduated since the reorganization, and there were scores of those who had fought their way by privation and self sacrifice from field and shop to this high opportunity. For one hour Dr. Alderman spoke to them on their duty to the University and the University's duty to them. He reminded them that they were entering upon a fellowship with the great mental and spiritual forces of their State. They were about to take advantage of opportunities which only one young man in five thousand enjoyed. It was as if the angel of Good Fortune, finding five thousand boys upon a plain, had selected one and brought the fortunate youth here where he might find out the truth, and learn the best that has been thought and said in the past. It was pointed out that while only one out of every ten thousand non educated men ever reached eminence, one out of every forty educated men rose to power and usefulness. Thus the chance of great service to them was as one to two hundred and fifty.

A University was declared to be the place where men came to learn those things that fitted them for living honorable Christian lives, for building happy homes, for rendering unselfish service, for winning their bread with skill and success, for bequeathing to their posterity honored names. The University is both a democracy and an aristocracy. It is a democracy of opportunity where men may rise by the might of grit and courage and merit, and an aristocracy of character, capacity and culture. The President then discussed the inner life of the institution in its homelier phases, conduct, care of the body, diet, and care of the room, organization, and student activities. He deplored the tendency, too common in our life, of indiscriminate praise of mediocre work, and welcomed the day when there would be developed an ideal of rare and genuine excellence, such excellence as the Greek poet declared dwelt only among the inaccessible rocks, and could be reached by wearing out one's heart in toil and striving.

The loyalty of University men everywhere and their unfailing devotion to Alma Mater, was touched upon in eloquent language. One great question was put before the student body: What are you here to do? What definite purpose have you in mind? It was urged that that question be settled and that they press forward towards some purpose with the grim earnestness that their fathers displayed, whether fighting for their theories of government in the smoke and flash of battle, or pluck ing prosperity and victory from ruined fortunes and overwhelming defeat.

Finally the President reminded them that they were entering upon their University careers in the last year of the greatest century since the Renaissance, a century whose motto Mr. Gladstone had declared to be "Unhand Me," because it had stricken the shackles from a thousand forms of slavery; a century which had so exalted the dignity of the individual that a mighty nation could not be unjust to an obscure, unpopular, unattractive Jewish soldier, without calling down upon it from the allied nations so great a storm of indignation as to threaten it with uproar and revolution.

The registration at the end of the first week has reached four hundred and forty-five, the highwater mark for so early a period, and all the activities of the great school are in full play.

The football team promises to retain the pennant as champions of the South, and the debating teams to be sent to Georgia and Tennessee will soon under take their tasks.

Two hundred and fifteen new students have entered in all departments, and the most noteworthy thing about them is their excellent preparation, which is attributed first to the splendid work of the preparatory schools, and secondly to the high standard required by the University.

The college and village are full to overflowing and there is urgent need for dormitory room.

Funeral of General Heth.

A Washinton telegram of Thursday says:

Funeral services over the remains of General Henry Heth were held this morning at Epiphany church. The remains were encased in a black casket, trimmed with silver, which was covered with purple orchids, pink and white roses and ferns. The Stars and Bars, worked in immortelles, stood at the head of the casket during the services.

The exercises consisted of the Episcopal service conducted by Rev. A. M. Hilliker and Rev. Wm. R. Turner. The casket was taken to the station, where the funeral party left with it at 11:45 for Richmond, over the Southern railroad. The interment will take place at Hollywood cemetery. The active pall bearers were Mr. Edward Rennick, Colonel Edwin Harvey, Major Morgan, Mr. Caleb C. Willard, Mr. L. H. Finney and Dr. Frank Nash. Among the honorary pall bearers were Hon. J. L. M. Curry, Justice A. B. Hagner, General Rooker, General Custis Lee, General Butler, General Lomax and General Payne.

There were present at the funeral services members of the Confederate Veterans Associations, Sons of the American Revolution, the Aztec Society, Mexican War Veterans Association and the Society of American Wars. Ex Secretary of the Navy Herbert was among those who attended the services.

For wounds, burns, scalds, sores, skin diseases and all irritating eruptions, nothing so soothing and healing as DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Mrs. Emma Bolles, Matron Englewood Nursery, Chicago, says of it: "When all else fails in healing our babies it will cure." King Bros.

A TALK WITH DEWEY.

The New York Evening Post prints the following interview with Admiral Dewey:

"They are a splendid lot of fellows," said the Admiral, speaking of his men. "They are a splendid lot," he repeated, "the very pick of men, the finest in our navy, and that means the best in the world.

"Before I got to Manila the Archbishop, with whom I afterward became very intimate, said that the American sailors were the scum of the earth, a bloodthirsty lot of cut throats, who would destroy everything in their path. Later, when I did get there, the Archbishop came on board one day while I had a battalion at drill, the same battalion that will parade in New York. He went on the bridge and watched them closely. I knew he was admiring them, and I said to him, 'Well, what do you think of our American sailors?'

SURPRISED AT AMERICAN SAILORS.

"'They are splendid,' the Archbishop said. 'I have seen the men of most navies, but never anything like these. They are magnificent; I cannot understand it—such splendid young fellows. How does it happen?'

"'Well,' said I, 'we look for the best men, we come closer to our men, we treat them better than other countries do, and we pay them better.'

"Then I called a man and said to him, 'How much do you get a month?' He saluted and said, 'Eighty dollars, sir.' The Archbishop was astonished 'You know $80 would pay a wholeship load of Spaniards. After that the Archbishop had great respect for us and became friendly. Here I have a picture of General Luna, which was given me by the Archbishop."

The Admiral then sent an orderly for the picture of the Philippine general who was "murdered by order of Aguinaldo," as he said. The picture was that of a negro in a sort of military uniform. On the back was an inscription in Spanish, "To the Archbishop of Manila, Fr. Bernardina Nesalado." It was signed by Luna.

A CRITICISM OF OTIS.

"I thought," said the Admiral, 'that this thing in the Philippines would be over long before this, as it should have been. I can't imagine how they have stood out till the present. Of course, there was the rainy season, and I suppose little was done.

"One great trouble out there has been that General Otis has tried to do too much. I told him so. He wants to be general, governor, judge and everything else, to have hold of all the irons. No man can do this. This is the great trouble. It is enough for a man to do one thing, to be one thing, and when a man tries to do everything and to be everything it is easy to imagine the result.

"SHOULD BE EASILY ENDED."

"The fight in the Philippines should be easily ended. The people had been so badly treated for such a length of time by the Spaniards that they are distrustful. This is the great difficulty in dealing with them. Where we have met them and they have been in such contact with us as to learn that we mean to treat them well; where they have seen that we mean what we say, there is no trouble. They stand by us all the time.

"All of them will learn this in time. They will get from under the influence of Aguinaldo, or rather those people who are behind Aguinaldo, who, as I said before, is a mere tool.

BETTER THAN THE CUBANS.

"Do I think the Filipinos are fit for self government? Well, no; not just now. They are a queer people—a queer mixture. Many of them are civilized and good people, and I do not they are fit for self-government just yet.

"But when I say that I must add that it is my candid opinion that they are more fitted for it than the Cubans; that they are a better people than the Cubans in every way. I do wish, however, that the whole business was settled, and I think that after a little the Filipinos will take kindly to us."

AS TO THE PRESIDENCY.

A real laugh broke over his face when he was asked about his probable candidacy for the Presidency. In one short sentence he settled the whole question. He laughed, gave his heavy moustache a tug, and then half sighed, half ejaculated:

"Why, they don't know me."

Any politician who could have seen the Admiral then and noted the expression of his face, an expression half amused, half pitying, could not help feeling in his soul that the question of Dewey and the Presidency had been settled forever.

WHEELER AS "RUNNING MATE."

It was suggestested that a Democratic slate had been made with Admiral Dewey for the Presidency and General Wheeler for the Vice Presidence.

"Well," said the Admiral, "we would make a pretty mess of it. General Wheeler, of course, has had some training in the political school, but then he is a West Pointer. I had forgotten that. He would want to run everything as he would a regiment, and, of course, would make a splendid mess of it. You cannot run a government as you would a regiment."

"Well, admiral," suggested the reporter, "it would not be such a change from the ship Olympia to the ship of state."

"Yes," said the Admiral, "It would be a great change. I am not a politician; I am a sailor; my training has been all that way. I am at home onboard my ship. I know my business, or at least should know it, and I do not want to mix up in the affairs of government. I am perfectly satisfied to live and die a simple sailor who tried to do his duty. I am not a politician. I cannot make a speech even. I wish I could, but I have to be content with my lot."

Some one said just then to the Admiral that his son was reported to have made a statement to the effect that the Admiral was a died-in-the-wool Republican.

The Admiral laughed outright, "my son knows as much about what politics are as that piece of stick."

WOULDN'T SPEAK OF DIEDERICHS.

The Admiral would not say a word about the alleged interference of the German Admiral Diederichs at Manila. He also declined to say anything about the much-talked of Anglo Saxon alliance. Previously, however, he had said that during his voyage he had a particularly good time, especially when he called at those places in the hands of the English. He said he had also been kindly treated by the French, who had sent an admiral with a fleet to visit him.

NOT FITTED TO BE PRESIDENT.

A New York special to the Baltimore Sun says:

"Neither by inclination nor by training am I fitted to hold the office of President of the United States. I would be more than human if I were not gratified and even flattered by the prospect you hold out to me, but I cannot accept your conclusions. I have lived a sailor and shall die one."

Ex-Judge W. H. Brawley, of South Carolina, said to-night that these words were substantially a transcript of part of a letter which he received from Admiral Dewey in answer to one which he had written asking him to allow his friends to make him a candidate for President. Mr. Brawley was reluctant to talk of the correspondence, which he said he regarded as personal. The passage quoted was repeated by a friend to whom he had shown the original letter.

Mr. Brawley is a Gold Democrat. He is a friend of Admiral Dewey, and when the proposal to nominate him for President in the hope of uniting the Democratic party was made several Democrats, including Ben. T. Cable, of Illinois, asked him to broach the matter to Dewey and obtain his consent.

It was proposed at first that Mr. Brawley should go the Phillippines but this plan was abandoned, and he wrote instead. Admiral Dewey, in his reply, said that under no circumstances would he be a candidate. He said that his temperament was such that he would not be able to stand the strain, and he begged his friends to abandon the idea. Mr Brawley wrote several other letters on the subject, but Dewey's determination remained unshaken.

An Interesting Fact.

Here is a very interesting statement, indeed, which we find in the Atlanta Constitution:

There is one fact connected with the race trouble in the south that is worthy the attention of the socialist who has the leisure to devote to a matter curious and interesting rather than important. That fact is this: Taking Georgia for an example, there are fewer collisions, as there is less friction, between the races in the counties that make up what is known as middle Georgia than in any other portion of the State. Take the map and run a line from the South Carolina boundary through Wilkes and and on to Muscogee, terminating at Columbus. This line will intersect the central portion of the State. The territory comprising, say, fifty miles on each side of this line is what The Constitution has sometimes referred to as the Barbecue Belt. It is the pathway trod by the early emigrants from Virginia and North Carolina, who brought with them their slaves.

It is also the black belt to a great extent. There is hardly a county in its scope where the blacks do not outnumber the whites. In spite of this, the friction between the two races is not appreciable. There have been fewer crimes and fewer lynchings than in any other part of the State. When has a lynching been heard of in Wilkes, Hancock, Putnam, Jasper, Monroe, Upson, or in Morgan, Baldwin, Jones, and other counties contiguous to those through which we have run our imaginary line? A white man was lynched in Talbot some years ago.

Now, how is the absence of friction between the races in this territory to be accounted for? We can only hazard a few guesses. One, if not the main reason, is that the whites of this belt understand the negroes better. Another reason is that the negroes of this belt are of the highest types of the race. There are several distinct tribes among them, but the prevailing type in color is not jet black, but dark brown. There are to be found some Arabs and Abyssinians who have not lost their physical characteristics, but the Guinea negro, with the flat nose, thick lips and protruding countenance is conspicuous by his absence. He is seen occasionally, but the negroes native to the region are of a different order.

However, whatever the reason may be, it is a fact that there have been fewer crimes by negroes and less friction between the races in the region we have attempted to outline than in any other part of the State. The negroes are more contented there, the ties that bind them to their homes are stronger, and they do not flit to and fro from county to county. Where they live, their grand fathers lived, and so it is with the majority of the whites.

The University.

The opening of the 105th session of the University on September the 18th is the most prosperous one of its entire history. Four hundred and fifty-five students, exclusive of the summer School, had registered at the close of the first week, representing eighty-seven counties, eleven States and Japan. The colleges buildings are full and the town is filling rapidly. Numbers of these students are sustaining themselves by all forms of honorable work. The standard of admission has been raised, so that now it is the equal of any institution in the South. Two new buildings are going up and growth is everywhere apparent.

The new students show evidence of preparation, and the preparatory schools of the State are to be congratulated for the high quality of work they are doing.

Brave Men Fall

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Edaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down, and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents, at B. E. Sedberry & Son's drug store. Every bottle guaranteed.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is a scientific compound having the endorsement of eminent physicians and the medical press. It "digests what you eat" and positively cures dyspepsia. M. A. Ketron, Bloomingdale, Tenn., says it cured him of indigestion of ten years' standing. King Bros.

SYRUP of FIGS

ACTS GENTLY ON THE
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM
DISPELS COLDS EFFECTUALLY
OVERCOMES HEADACHES & FEVERS
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY
TO GET
ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.
BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'F'D BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50c. PER BOTTLE.

Grape Vines with a History.

Ex State Senator Warren Carver has been gathering grapes from vines that have a history. He says:

"The long branches are from a vine which Malcom Ray, a grandfather of mine planted or set out in the year 1803. This vine is still strong and vigorous. The white or scuppernongs are from two vines which I set out in November 1858, the vinelets or sprouts of which I dug from a vine, the first of the kind ever known in this section, that was secured and brought here some years before, from Roanoke, by John Kelly. The dark brown, called the Carver grape, are seedlings from the scuppernong, which I planted and produced."

The grapes from these vines are of excellent flavor.

Good Prices for Tobacco.

The tobacco sale at Planters Warehouse by Mr. W. S. Evans on last Friday, the 22nd, and the sale he made here the 29th is sufficient proof that it will pay to grow tobacco when you know how. Mr. Evans has proven himself to be one of the best tobacco growers in Cumberland county. His prices ranging last Friday from 6½ to 24½; today 6 to 20 cents. The average sale of these two lots doubles the amount he would have received for cotton, even at the present price.

Collier's Weekly.

The illustrated papers have gone Dewey mad. Collier's Weekly for September 30 contains over twenty protographs and drawings illustrating the home coming of the Admiral. Among these are the latest pictures of Admiral Dewey himself and the *Olympia*. Even the sailors and mascots of the ship do not escape. They are pictured in every conceivable position. In addition, and hieing back nearly ten years into history, a page of photographs is given up to the construction, machinery and launch of the *Olympia*. She is also pictured departing in 1895 from San Francisco for the Asiatic station. The photographs certainly convey a very good idea of the ship and crew and the Jackies at work and play. The trade of war has its ridiculous side; a snapshot of "Sagasta," the pet pig of the *Olympia's* Jackies, shown in combat with the ship's ice cream man, occupies a prominent place.

SUMMER HEAT.—This is the season for bowel complaints. Green apples and cucumbers produce them and PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER cures them. To the troubled stomach it comes like a balm, the wind is assauged, and the trouble ceases. Every druggist in the land keeps Pain-Killer, and no one should be without it in his family. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. Price 25c. and 50c.

THE FIRST BABY.

Its Coming is Looked Forward to With Both Joy and Fear and its Safe Arrival is Hailed With Pride and Delight by All.

The arrival of the first baby in the household is the happiest and most important event of married life. The young wife who is to become a mother delights to think of the happiness in store for her when the little one shall nestle upon her breast and latterly she shall hear it lisp the sweet and holy name, "mother." But her happy anticipation quickly vanishes when she realizes the terrible pain and suffering through which she must pass while bringing the little one into the world. An indescribable fear of the danger attendant upon the ordeal soon dissipates her joyfulness.

Thousands of women have learned by experience that there is absolutely no necessity for the sufferings which attend child-birth; they know that by the use of "Mother's Friend"—a scientific liniment—for a few weeks before the trying hour, expectant mothers can so prepare themselves for the final hour that the pain and suffering of the dreaded event are entirely obviated and it is safely passed through with comparatively little discomfort.

All women are interested, and especially expectant mothers who for the first time have to undergo this trial, in such a remedy; for they know the pain and suffering, to say nothing of the danger, which is in store for them. "Mother's Friend" is woman's greatest blessing, for it takes her safely through the severest ordeal of her life. Every woman should be glad to read the little book "Before Baby is Born," which contains information of great value to all. It will be sent free to any one who sends their address to The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Football Prospects at Bingham School—Opening Reception to the Faculty and Students.

Special correspondence of the Observer.

MEBANE, N. C., Sept'r 25, 1899.

The bright, cool autumn weather continues to bring in new students and the number is now a good deal larger than at this time last session. Every one agrees that Bingham has never had an abler faculty nor a nicer set of boys. Interest in football seems to be thoroughly aroused and every evening finds almost every boy in school on the athletic field where the school eleven and the scrubs daily contend for the mastery. Last session Bingham won two-thirds of the football games played, and it is hoped this session to better last year's record.

Friday night Mrs. William Bingham, assisted by Mrs. Gray, gave a most enjoyable reception to the faculty and students. At an early hour a number of beautiful and attractive young ladies assembled with their escorts at Midlawn, the hospitable home of Mrs. Bingham, and soon the rapidly passing hours were made bright with happy laughter and many social pleasures. The music given by Messrs. Bernhardt, Boone and Mangum on the mandolin and guitars was especially pleasing. Mr. and Mrs. Gray also rendered a number of piano solos and duets. The apartments were beautifully decorated with palms and ferns. After enjoying the social games and music the young people repaired to the dining room where most delicious refreshments were served. After a pleasant evening the company unwillingly dispersed, unanimously voting that they had a fine time, and looking forward to the several receptions to be given during the year.

P. L. G.

Our Congressman In Washington.

Washington Post.

Representative Charles R. Thomas, of the Third District of North Carolina, has been in the city for the past few days at the Nordica. Mr. Thomas is the Democratic successor of John E Fowler, Populist, and has been, also, a member of the legislature of his State and a Presidential elector.

In conversation with a Post reporter he said: "On this flying visit to Washington I have been at work upon matters of interest to my district. I am especially interested in getting better mail facilities and free rural delivery for some of the counties.

"The campaign in North Carolina will probably open early in 1900. The political conventions will be held earlier than usual next year, as under the new election law two elections are to be held; the first in August, at which all State and county officers and the legislature are to be elected; the second in November, at which Presidential electors and Congressmen are to be chosen. At the August election the proposed amendment to the State constitution, limiting the franchise and similar to the Louisiana amendment, will be voted upon.

"A number of prominent Republicans are now announcing their determination to support this amendment, enabling men of all parties to discuss and vote upon political issues in an independent way without the injection of the negro and the color line into politics. Many Populists will also cast their ballots for it, and it will be ratified at the polls. As to national politics, I feel sure that North Carolina will be in 1900 as she was in 1896—for William J. Bryan and the Chicago platform."

BEAVER DAM ITEMS.

BEAVER DAM, Sept. 23, 1899.

The farmers are very busy now "picking" cotton, and old Africa's sons are heard on every hand with their plaintive voices, singing as no other people can—melodious—all natural, nothing cultivated or trained at all, real negro, without any other aim than only today, "let tomorrow provide for itself."

Mrs. Sarah Faircloth departed this life on the 19th of September, 1899. The deceased lady was nearing her three-score and ten. Truly a good woman is gone; yes, a devoted Christian is called up higher to live in a sphere of eternal love, where the weary worn soul can get rest; yes, sweet rest. Mrs. Faircloth was a member of the Baptist church for fifty years. We extend the hand of sympathy to the bereft.

A protracted meeting is going on at Sharon this week.

The Sunday School Convention was a great success in every way. A large crowd and real good order prevailed through all the exercises—good speeches, delightful music and a *real good* dinner, the table would have groaned under its load if such a thing had been possible. Mr. John A. Oates, Jr., delivered one of the best Sunday School speeches we ever heard. The convention passed a resolution requesting Mr. Oates to publish his speech in pamphlet form so all who wished to could get one. The girls who read essays and recited acquitted themselves so nobly that nothing but words of praise are spoken of their efforts; all the speakers and each of the singing classes acted their parts nobly. This is the way to bring country folks together once a year and have happy, old time greeting and old time unions and cheery howdy do's and clear away the monotony of country life which is so oppressive at this season of the year.

Dreyfus is pardoned at last so the reports say, but did it come from a French channel of news; if, so, we have our doubts of its being true; but we hope it is true; for we believe that Captain Dreyfus certainly was the victim of a concocted scheme; from reading the evidence there was nothing to convict him on but the *honor* of the *French army*, and that is hardly an honorable institution judging from the way the Generals and Colonels can swear. Poor old fallen France, once so generous as to help the weak, but now so selfish as to crush one poor innocent man. The fruits of a large standing army.

JACK.

ALWAYS KEEP ON HAND
Pain-Killer
There is no kind of pain or ache, internal or external, that Pain-Killer will not relieve.
LOOK OUT FOR IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES. THE GENUINE BOTTLE BEARS THE NAME,
PERRY DAVIS & SON.

You
need not lose flesh in summer if you use the proper means to prevent it. You think you can't take SCOTT'S EMULSION in hot weather, but you can take it and digest it as well in summer as in winter. It is not like the plain cod-liver oil, which is difficult to take at any time.
If you are losing flesh, you are losing ground and you need
Scott's Emulsion
and must have it to keep up your flesh and strength. If you have been taking it and prospering on it, don't fail to continue until you are thoroughly strong and well.
50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

The South's Potentiality.

Manufacturer's Record.

Referring to the fact that more than 7,000,000 bales of cotton were exported last year, and to the fact of the steady increase in the textile industry in the South, the Louisville Courier-Journal says:

"This cotton could have all been worked up in factories near the plantations if we had had the facilities. It is true ocean freights are so cheap that cotton can be delivered in Lancashire almost if not quite as cheaply as at Fall River, and there is some advantage in the lower wages of the Old World. This advantage has been magnified, however, for the English spinner earns nearly as much as the American. At any rate, there would be no need of sending the raw material 3000 miles across the water if we only had the mills here sufficient to work it up. The addition to our national wealth if the spindles, say of Manchester, could only be transported to the Cotton Belt, would be almost incalculable. The day is coming when this will be done, and when it does come the South will become as thickly settled and wealthy as its natural advantages entitle it to be."

Silk Factory to Start up in a Week or Two.

Mr. Hales, the representative of Ashley, Bailey & Co., told an OBSERVER reporter this morning that the silk mill is now complete and ready for the start. All the machinery has been put in place and the raw material is now on the way here. When in full operation, which he says will be in less than two weeks, over 300 colored hands will be employed. A majority of these hands have already been selected.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

EDWIN R. MacKETHAN,
Attorney and Counsellor,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

DOCTOR D. G. MacKETHAN,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office N. E Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
'Phone: Office 94. Residence 93.
June 30-d&w-tf

JNO. D. MacRAE, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office at Sedberry's Drug Store,
Fayetteville, N. C.

S. L. HUNTER, D.D.S. THOS. M. HUNTER D.D.S.

DRS. HUNTER,
DENTISTS,
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C
April 29, 1880.

DR. G. B. PATTERSON. DR. J. S. BETTS
DRS. PATTERSON & BETTS,
DENTISTS.

OFFICE: Over Bank of Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Offer their services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

H. McD. Robinson, Notary Public. John G. Shaw.
ROBINSON & SHAW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Fayetteville, N. C.
Offices Donaldson Street.
Practice in all the courts—State and Federal. Special attention given to collection of claims, management of estates and conveyancing.
A member of the firm will always be found at office during office hours. Office hours 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.

SEND US ONE DULLAR and we will send you this big 375-lb. new 1899 pattern high-grade RESERVOIR COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVE, by freight C.O.D., subject to examination. Examine it at your freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory and the greatest Stove BARGAIN you ever saw or heard of, pay the FREIGHT AGENT our SPECIAL PRICE, $13.00 less the $1.00 sent with order or $12.00 and freight charges. This stove is size No. 8, oven is 16½x18x11, top is 42x23; made from best quality iron, extra large fire box, heavy covers, heavy linings and grates, large oven shelf, heavy tin-lined oven door, handsome nickel-plated ornamentations and trimmings, extra large deep, genuine Standish porcelain lined reservoir, handsome large ornamented base. Best coal burner made, and we furnish FREE all extra wood grate, making it a perfect wood burner. WE ISSUE A BINDING GUARANTEE with every stove and guarantee safe delivery to your railroad station. Your local dealer would charge you $25.00 for such a stove, the freights is only about $1.00 for each 500 miles, so we save you at least $10.00. Address SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (INC.) CHICAGO, ILL. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

ACME BIRD.
WRITE FOR OUR BIG FREE STOVE CATALOGUE.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers,
The famous little pills.

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....OCTOBER 5, 1899

E. J HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

"Where the gold Democrats are numerically weak they will profess to accept the platform, but will oppose every plan that is calculated to bring success to the platform."

—William J. Bryan to National Committeeman C. S. Thomas, of Colorado.

NEWS FROM MANILA.

The public received Otis's censorship several months ago with resentment, and for some time the absence of news from Manila was like the death of a familiar companion. Then came the Dreyfus trial, and now the South African imbroglio, to divert the mind, and between them and the rainy season in the Philippines we had about forgotten Otis and the "Round Robin," and MacArthur and Lawton, and Angeles and Laguna de Bay, except in so far as the Dewey homecoming reminded us of the fame of all of them.

The Administration, however, evidently thinks it has something to its credit in the last few days—or perhaps it finds it necessary to make some offset to the killing of Naval Cadet Wood and several of his crew and the capture of his gunboat by the natives—for yesterday's telegrams contain a column or two of details that hint at a weakening of the Filipino backbone.

The war department officials are represented as being "very much encouraged" regarding the situation in the Philippines, for several reasons. First, there is a telegram from Otis in these words:

"MANILA, September 30, 1899.—Adjutant General, Washington—Communication, dated 12th instant, from General Garcia, commanding all insurgent troops in Eastern Mindanao, expresses desire to turn the country over to the United States authorities and surrender insurgent arms.

[Signed] "OTIS."

This is understood by the department to signify "the disposition of the southern islands to accept American sovereignty" without the condition heretofore imposed by them, viz: that the United States should relinquish their claim to sovereignty if Aguinaldo should be able to maintain himself in Luzon.

On Saturday, also, the Filipino envoys, of whom the Saturday afternoon dispatches in the OBSERVER gave account, came into our lines, and the corporal and thirteen prisoners captured at different times during the summer by the Filipinos were brought in by them and exchanged. Of these two parties, the Filipino commissioners and the exchanged Americans, the telegrams say;

"The Filipinos introduced themselves—General Alejandrio, a slender, bright looking young man of thirty-two, a veteran of the rebellion against Spain; Lieutenant Colonel Oriano and Major Ortes, the latter of German blood and speaking English fluently. There soon appeared a second party of fourteen Americans, marching between files of insurgent soldiers. They looked the picture of health and were dressed in neat Filipino uniforms of blue gingham and were carrying monkeys and other presents from their Filipino friends. The prisoners unanimously praised their treatment. One man said: 'We have been given the best the country afforded, fine houses for quarters, servants, good food, plenty of wine and a money allowance. Aguinaldo visited us and shook hands. Three of the boys refused to shake hands with him.' Judging from the stories of the prisoners, they have been lionized by the people. They report that five sailors, survivors of Naval Cadet Wood's party, arrived at Tarlac Wednesday. Though small importance is attached to their judgment, they agree in saying that the Filipinos all say that they are tired of the war, but will fight for independence to the last.

"The released soldiers also say the idea of independence has taken firm hold of the Filipinos and they threaten, if conquered, to exterminate the Americans by assassination. Aguinaldo seemed popular among all the people the prisoners met. The country, they say, is full of rich crops.

"The Filipino commission does not arouse great expectations as to the result of its visit. Major Otes said frankly that they were very tired of the war, but they decline to say what proposals they bring."

That is the gist of this latest glimpse of affairs in the Philippines which "Governor General" Otis has vouchsafed to us. Our experience does not warrant the expectation of any material result to our advantage from the visit of the enemy's commissioners. The visits of their predecessors turned out to have been made chiefly with the object of gaining information of our military strength and disposition. Nevertheless, we have not a particle of doubt that the war would end tomorrow if the President should authorize Admiral Dewey to cable assurance that we intended to give the Filipinos the same treatment as that pledged by Congress to Cuba.

THE DEWEY CANDIDACY.

Sunday's New York World contained the following interview with Mr. Cleveland's friend, Mr. William C. Whitney, on the "probability of Admiral Dewey's selection as a presidential candidate":

"You regard him as the natural selection for the presidency—chosen by the order of events?" the reporter asked.

"I am convinced," replied Mr. Whitney, "that his selection would be something very much larger and better at this particular time than a party victory. It would be a patriotic reunion around the one man who typifies the new era, and who is best fitted, by his character and experience, to preside over its development. Dewey gave us the Philippines. He understands the situation out there as no other man does. The people would trust him to deal with it more completely than they would any other man. They would rather see him at the helm directing the policy of the government in its new possessions than any other man. They know that he always has done the right thing and they would feel sure that he always would do the right thing.

"This trust of the people in Dewey is the great fact that dominates the situation. They trust him implicitly. With him in the white house they would have absolute confidence that the wise, the right, the patriotic course would be taken and firmly kept. It is a great opportunity which this fact offers the nation. It is only at long intervals and special occasions that Providence presents a man in whom the whole people have this unquestioned and perfect trust. It gave us such a man in Washington. It gave us another in Jackson. It gave us another in Grant. Now it has given us Dewey."

It is only necessary to remember Mr. Whitney as the Democratic traitor who, with his Cleveland following at the Chicago Convention of 1896, deliberately bolted from that convention after having entered it as one pledged, in the words of his tutelar divinity, "to abide by the arbitrament of the national convention," in order to estimate the value of his advice on any political subject. It is absolutely worthless. In fact, it is worse than worthless, because it is the advice of a disgraced politician who is seeking to entrap the loyal Democrats whom he and his master so grossly betrayed, into making treachery respectable by the extension of its area.

Let us consider Mr. Whitney's proposition. In the first place, Dewey has said that he cannot be induced to enter the presidential race. But, granting, for argument's sake, that he may be seduced from his lofty purpose, whose candidate does Mr. Whitney propose that he shall become? The Republican party's? If he favors Filipino independence, Messrs. McKinley, Hanna & Co. will never consent to that—and they have the means of absolutely controlling the Republican convention. The Democratic party's? *Is* Admiral Dewey in favor of offering independence to the Filipinos? He has never said so. But, granting, for the sake of argument, that he is, how does he stand on the money question, on trusts, on the tariff, on the income tax, on government by injunction and all the other vital issues of the Democratic creed? Does he even know himself? We venture to express the belief that either he does not know his own mind on any of these subjects, or he is opposed to the Democratic position on them. If the former, he is unfit to be the candidate of any party and unfit to be President whether elected by party agency or otherwise. If the latter, he is, of course, unfit to be the candidate of the Democratic party.

It is plain, we think, that Mr. Whitney is simply seeking to use Dewey's great strength with the people as a naval hero as the lever for side-tracking Bryan. He will not succeed; for the people are in no mood to repress their aspiration for a return to constitutional government.

The proposition is ridiculous; and, if it be not already so recognized generally, it will be as soon as the glamour of last week's New York spectacle shall begin to dim. In fact, without meaning in any way to detract from Dewey's great deserts, we strongly suspect that much of the New York outpouring was due to careful working up by the goldbug would-be sidetrackers. Yesterday's cables bring news of the mild astonishment of the English press, who, while entirely friendly to Dewey, regard the demonstration as due to the "childlike emotionalism" of the American people. And we must not forget that we are taught by Mr. Whitney's faction to rate the English view of what Americans should do very highly.

AS TO THE ARSENAL.

The editor of the OBSERVER has received a letter from Hon. Chas. R. Thomas, our member of Congress, in which he says:

"I am glad to see, from your paper, that the Fayetteville Chamber of Commerce has appointed a Committee upon the subject of the restoration of the Fayetteville Arsenal. I beg to assure you of my hearty co-operation in any movement looking to that end.

"On the 16th of June last I called in person upon the Chief of Ordnance, War Department, in Washington, in regard to this Arsenal. Gen. Buffington kindly gave me a brief history of the Arsenal, which I have preserved with the intention of introducing a bill in Congress for its restoration.

"It seems, from his letter addressed to me, the Arsenal consisted originally of 77 1-2 acres, purchased in 1836, 1837, 1838 and 1852.

"The Arsenal was never used for manufacturing purposes, but simply as a depot for storage of ordnance and ordnance stores.

"The site was sold at public auction on June 17th, 1873, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Congress, approved June 10th, 1872, and Act of March 3, 1873, and was purchased by W. D. Smith and others.

"Gen. Buffington informed me, that all or nearly all of the arsenals used for storage purposes had fallen into disuse, in a large measure, on account of the facilities in this day and time for the transportation by the railroads of arms and ammunition to any part of the United States, safely and quickly, in case of war or insurrection. Many of the arsenals used for storage, he informed me, were useless to the Government, and in many instances did not compensate for the expense of maintenance and repairs. Of course the great manufacturing arsenals, like those at Rock Island, Illinois and Watertord, N. Y, are of great service to the Government.

"Still in these 'war times', possibly, we may be able to accomplish something in the direction of the restoration of the storage arsenal at Fayetteville, with the help of the North Carolina Senators and Members of Congress, and if we can get the War Department to see it in the proper light. I am one of those who believe always in making an effort at least to accomplish a given object.

"I beg that you will advise me in the future, and when I get to Washington, in what way I can serve the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce and the citizens of Fayetteville in this matter."

It is true, as General Buffington says, that (under the United States) "the arsenal was never used for manufacturing purposes, but simply as a depot for storage of ordnance and ordnance stores," but he will find, if he will be good enough to still further examine the records, that the government determined shortly before the war (say about 1858 or 1859) to make it an arsenal of construction, and that the long building, which took up the most of the western face of the quadrangle, was fitted up with machinery for that purpose, which was in place about 1860. During the war, as he probably knows, the Harper's Ferry machinery was moved here, a great number of additional buildings erected, and the manufacture of rifles carried on on an extensive scale. It then became one of the largest establishments of the kind, north or south. All was destroyed by General Sherman in 1865, the work of demolition being singularly complete.

These facts, we think, might well be taken into consideration, and with them the very great importance of our situation at a considerable distance in the interior and yet possessing water transportation to the sea. Indeed, it was this feature of Fayetteville's situation which determined the original establishment of the arsenal here. In this connection, the following observations, which we find in a recent editorial of the New York Evening Post on the value of waterways in the transportation of military supplies in time of war, are of high importance:

"The value of the canal as a means of transport has been so long forgotten that we have got into the habit of taking for granted that it has ceased to exist. Not so the Germans, who discovered the limitations of the railway in the Franco Prussian war. The officers who gave evidence before the Imperial Canal Commission, which sat in Berlin some time ago, have been practically unanimous on the strategic importance of inland waterways. Indeed, the Minister of War went so far as to say that, if the canals of the Fatherland had been as well organized in 1870 as they are today, the siege of Paris would have been begun some months earlier, and large quantities of supplies have been got to the front, which the pressure of traffic allowed to rot on the railways. How enormously water communication cheapens and facilitates military operations, says the London Standard, was proved by the Sudan campaign of last year. But no other country in Europe understands the use of canals so thoroughly as Germany, though there is little doubt that everywhere on the Continent, in the wars of the future, military stores and food will be got to the front, and the wounded to the rear, largely by means of canals. For, no matter how well equipped and how well managed a railway system may be, it will break down under the strain of a great war."

Senatorial Primary.

Patron and Gleaner.

Our editorial advocating holding the primary for United Staies Senator on the same day we shall vote for members of the lower House of Congress and Presidential electors has met wide public approval. Many of our exchanges have copied or endorsed the suggestion as to the date.

Among them, the Fayetteville Observer, which well points out that, so far from the Senatorial Primary in November interfering with the Constitutional Amendment canvass, it is the only way possible to keep the Senatorial struggle out of that canvass. And Webster's Weekly pointedly says that a candidate for the Senate who permits his friends to oppose a primary thereby admits he distrusts the people, and the people may well distrust such a candidate. The Wilmington Messenger discusses the question in a column editorial and endorses our position. It says that, "inasmuch as the last Democratic State convention pledged the party to the change in manner of electing United States Senators from the legislature to the direct vote of the people, it is a pledge that must be acted upon and not ignored or avoided." The Messenger is quite complimentary of the Patron and Gleaner and closes its editorial by saying of this paper: Our clear-headed contemporary meets the objections judiciously and satisfactorily and its plan removes all possible injury to the amendment by unpleasant clashing and rivalries of candidates and their friends."

We also have letters from leading Democrats in different parts of the State strongly endorsing our suggestion of the November election as the best date for the primary.

Good faith to the people demands we should keep our platform pledge in favor of the popular vote for United States Senator. The Democracy has never feared to trust the people.

The Messenger and Dr. Kingsbury.

Charlotte News.)

The Wilmington Messenger, one of the ablest dailies in the State, has greatly improved its typographical appearance. Dr. Theo. B. Kingsbury writes from a rich store of knowledge and experience, gained from his many years in journalism, and yet he has lost little of the sparkle and brightness of youth.

$100 Reward $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been ablet to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"I wish to express my thanks to the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, for having put on the market such a wonderful medicine," says W. W. Massingill, of Beaumont, Texas. There are many thousands of mothers whose children have been saved from attacks of dysentery and cholera infantum who must also feel thankful. It is for sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

The Land Parade in New York

Yesterday's telegrams bring glowing accounts of the land parade on Saturday, with which the Dewey Welcome Home was concluded. Writing on Saturday night, the correspondents say:

The land parade today capped the climax. The city, State and nation united in one vast demonstration worthy of the hero of Manila. The earth trembled beneath the tread of 50,000 men, and the air was torn with the shouts of millions. The naval parade of yesterday was a magnificent and superb spectacle; but the wonder of modern times was the great land parade.

Thousands of proud men of our land and sea forces, militia of fifteen States and the veterans of the civil and Spanish-American war, swelled the procession and gave it the dignity in size that it boasted in sentiment. Walls of people miles long stretched down the line of march on either side, a dense, impregnable mass. Fifth avenue from Fifty-ninth street to the Washington arch at Fourth street, where the parade disbanded, was solidly packed with spectators, who overflowed into the buildings, windows, and on to the roof lines, sat in embrasures and crowded scaffoldings. Along Broadway where it crossed the avenue the skyscrapers were as crowded at the top as at the bottom, and for blocks down the intersecting streets, tenants hung from the windows and fire-escapes and multitudes of them were on the roofs, lying flat on their stomachs peering down.

THE PATIENT CROWDS.

For hours they waited patiently and good naturedly to see Dewey, and when they saw him they waited on unconsciously for three hours and a half while the procession passed. Far down this living lane the column marched, while the air was gorgeous with the mist of banners and vibrating with shouts of welcome and admiration, the clatter of horses' hoofs when the cavalry sabers flashed and plumes waved, the rumble of artillery, the snarl of drums, the clear drawn bugle call and the blare of military bands.

Seventeen aerial bombs from the top of the Waldorf Astoria heralded the approach to the reviewing stand in Madison Square. Several companies of police, mounted on glossy well trained horses, brought up the procession.

THE OLYMPIA'S BRONZED JACKIES.

When the head of the column appeared, the jackies of the Olympia, marching rank on rank with an easy, rolling step, and Sousa's blue coated band playing as only it can play, it was a poor American whose heart did not beat higher. Those in the stands leaped upon their seats and everybody greeted the advancing column with cheers. The tars of the Olympia were in plain blue, with brown leggings and black cartridge boxes, loose flannel caps flapped over their eyes, and their sword band made a picket of steel over them. Those caps with the ribbons snapping jauntily over their temples and the blue steel sword band impressed the people mightily. The sailors were large boned and solemn, with faces bronze and bodies that seemed all muscles—the kind of men one would like to have back of him in a fight. The commander was on foot with shining sword blade resting on his right shoulder, walking in front of his men as army officers do. A squad of sailors dragging a rapid fire six pounder brought up the rear of the Olympia's battalion.

HERE COMES THE HERO.

Then came the hero, the admirals and the officers of the fleet, in all the glory of their gold laced uniforms and gold rimmed cocked hats. All were in open barouches and at their head was the man of the hour. Mayor Van Wyck sat beside Admiral Dewey in the carriage. The front seat was banked with beautiful floral pieces. The people did not have to give a second glance at the man whose features have been blazoned everywhere for weeks. He was recognized on the instant, and the cheers and huzzahs that had greeted the Olympia's men seemed tame compared with the shout that was raised. It seemed fairly to lift to the sky.

The gallant captains of the ships engaged in the destruction of Montijo's fleet, except poor Gridley, who died a month after the battle, followed and also got a rousing welcome. The three Rear Admirals, Howison, Sampson and Philip, as they rode by with their brilliantly accoutred staffs, were easily recognized and got flattering applause, as did many of the popular officers of the North Atlantic squadron.

The Governors of the several States who rode in carriages, though many of them were popular and would have received big demonstrations at any other time, passed almost unnoticed.

Both Major General Miles and Major General Merritt got ovations. The former wore a band of yellow across his breast, and seemed always to have his cap off acknowledging the salutations of the throng.

SCHLEY DIVIDES HONORS WITH DEWEY.

But it was Rear Admiral Schley who divided the honors with the central figure of the day. He received a demonstration second only to that of Dewey. The people along the line of march fairly rose at the sight of him, shouting their already lacerated throats to the breaking point. "Hurrah for the hero of Santiago!" "There is the man that smashed Cevera's fleet!" "Hip, hip, hurrah for Schley!" and kindred cries came from all parts of the line. In upper Fifth avenue some enthusiastic lady threw him a handful of roses. They landed fairly in the carriage. The admiral leaned forward, picked them up and lifted them to his lips. Instantly all the ladies in the balcony seemed possessed with the desire to have their flowers similarly honored, and he was fairly bombarded. Many of the flowers fell into the street, only to be caught up by some eager spectators and carried to the carriage. Before he got to Madison Square Admiral Schley was up to his arms in flowers.

The marines and sailors of the North Atlantic squadron, eight battalions of them, attracted much attention. The marines with their brass helmets marched with a peculiar step, neither seaman's roll nor landsmen's tread, but a combination. The men of the Brooklyn got perhaps the most applause.

The provisional brigade of the army lacked the confident, easy step for which army veterans are noted. This perhaps is accounted for by the fact that most of the United States army veterans are serving their country on the other side of the world, and those now here are only "Rookies." They were preceded by a battalion of the West Point cadets in their showy uniforms of grey, with white duck trousers, moving like one man; eight hundred legs moving like clock work, every cap and bayonet in perfect line.

Governor Roosevelt, riding a spirited black horse at the head of the National Guard of the State of New York and surrounded by brilliantly uniformed officers, received a hearty and continuous ovation from one end of the line to the other.

Before Madison Square was reached Admiral Dewey and the receiving party in carriages passed the front of the procession and alighted at the reviewing stand opposite Twenty sixth street and took their places in the boxes hung with laurel wreaths that had been reserved for them.

A DISTRESSING INCIDENT.

Here the admiral reviewed the entire parade. Only one distressing incident occurred within his view. A wire had been stretched across the space between two of the stands on the park. The awful press of people broke it and they surged into the avenues, those in front powerless to resist the pressure of the thousands in the rear. The police officers on foot were helpless. Try as they would they could not stem the tide which promised to impede the entire parade. Suddenly a half hundred mounted policemen galloped up and having formed a line, charged and shoved the people back. Many women and children were caught in the crush. Some shrieked, others fainted and several after the panic were carried away in ambulances.

Tonight the smoker given at the Waldorf-Astoria to the sailors of the Olympia concluded New York's wonderful reception to Admiral Dewey and his men.

Rev John Stanley Thomas.

Wilmington Messenger

The Rev. John Stanley Thomas, the able young Presbyterian Minister of this city, has been called to the pastorate of the Presbyterian Church of Suffolk, Va. Mr. Thomas returned yesterday from Suffolk, where he preached on Sunday. The Suffolk correspondent of the Norfolk Virginian Pilot of Tuesday says, under the head of "An Eloquent Preacher:"

"Rev. John Stanley Thomas, of Wilmington, N. C., preached two forcible sermons at the Suffolk Presbyterian Church Sunday. He will be back here again the first Sunday in October and the church should be congratulated on getting his services."

In view of other appointments open to him, in other places, Mr. Thomas, who has been doing evangelistic work under the auspices of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, of this city, was released on the first of the month by that church. On the coming Sabbath he will ask for severance of his pastoral relations with Topsail Presbyterian Church, subject to the action of the Wilmington Presbytery and its adjourned meeting to be held at Burgaw on Friday, Sept 29. He will then ask for his dismissal from Wilmington Presbytery to join Norfolk Presbytery.

Mr. Thomas came to Wilmington March 1 to do evangelistic work under the auspices of St. Andrew's Church, and for the past eight months has labored zealously and efficiently in New Hanover, Pender and Onslow counties. Meanwhile, to establish his relations with Wilmington Presbytery, he was called to and was installed as pastor of Topsail Presbyterian Church in Pender county, just after the spring session of the Presbytery. From a disorganized body Topsail, under his ministry, has grown into a live church with a considerable membership, a Sunday school of eighty members has been organized and the attendance at the church has been greatly increased. He has preached each month to a thousand or more people in the field of his labors, and his sermons have been very popular, several of them having been published by the press.

Colonel Carr A Candidate for the Senate.

Interview in Richmond Times.

"Yes, I am a candidate for the Senate to succeed Butler, and am in the race to win," said Colonel Julian S. Carr, of North Carolina, at the Jefferson last night. "I have some good men against me," he continued; "there's F. M. Simmons, chairman of our State Democratic Committee, and a thorough going, astute politician; ex Governor Jarvis, twice Governor of North Carolina, and a former senator, and Mayor A. M. Waddell, of Wilmington, who has also served in Congress, and whose part in the late troubles gives him a good place in the hearts of the white people.

"If I win I shall feel that I have been greatly complimented, for all of the other aspirants are high toned, Christian gentlemen, who stand well with the people.

"Our campaign will not be characterized by a display of acrimonious feeling—certainly so far as I am concerned. My opponents are my personal friends."

Colonel Carr felt confident that he could win in a contest before the people, but he was not so sure the opportunity would present itself for such an expression of the popular will.

Richmond Leader

Hon. Julian S. Carr, of Durham, N. C., one of the best known and wealthiest men of the Old North State, is at the Jefferson. Col. Carr is here as a representative of the United Confederate Veteran's Association of North Carolina, to take part in the exercises incident to the interment of Gen. Harry Heth. Col. Carr has been invited by the chief marshal, Thomas A. Brander, to ride with him in the procession.

During the winter of 1897 Mr. James Reed, one of the leading citizens and merchants of Clay, Clay Co., W. Va., struck his leg against a cake of ice in such a manner as to bruise it severely. It became very much swollen and pained him so badly that he could not walk without the aid of crutches. He was treated by physicians, also used several kinds of liniment and two and a half gallons of whisky in bathing it, but nothing gave any relief until he began using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. This brought almost a complete cure in a week's time and he believes that had he not used this remedy his leg would have had to be amputated. Pain Balm is unequaled for sprains, bruises and rheumatism. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

ONLY $2.75

SEND NO MONEY. Cut this ad. out, and send to us, state your weight and height, also number of inches around body at bust and neck, and we will send this BEAUTIFUL FUR TRIMMED BEAVER CLOTH CAPE to you by express, C.O.D., subject to examination. You can examine and try it on at your nearest express office, and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of, pay the express agent our special offer price $2.75, and express charges. Express charges will average 40 to 60 cents for each 1,000 miles. THIS CAPE IS A LA TEST STYLE FOR FALL and WINTER, is made from an extra fine and heavy all wool black or blue genuine Beaver Beaver cloth, 27 inches long, very full sweep, 13-inch upper cape, extra full. Deep cape and large storm collar, beautifully trimmed with black Baltic seal fur; upper cape trimmed with three rows and collar with two rows of fine mohair braid; cloth button ornaments. This cape is the talker made throughout and equal to capes that sell at more than double the price. Write for free Cloth Catalogue. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.)

One Minute Cough Cure, cures That is what it was made for.

JESSUP BATTINGS

JESSUP, N. C., Sep. 30 1899

Miss Annie Campbell, of Quiet, is visiting Mrs. M. M. Campbell.

Mr. Joshua Clark has removed from Pocket, N. C., to a farm near Jessup.

Dr. M. G. Street died at his home near Glendon Sunday, Sept 24th, in his sixty ninth year. The interment took place at the family burying ground near his home Monday.

We regret to learn of the illness of Mr. J. F. Underwood.

Miss Cattie Shaw has been appointed teacher of the Cedar Grove public school.

Mr. John Black died at his home near Carthage Thursday.

DONTON.

Autryville Items.

Autryville, N. C., Sept. 30, 1899.

The protracted meeting at Autryville last week, conducted by Rev. J. J. Douglas, of Clinton, and the pastor, Rev. C. M. McIntosh, of Clement, was a success. Large congregations were present at every appointment.

Mr. R. W. Cooper has recently received law license to plead law in the State of North Carolina.

Mr. H. B. Downing, of Cedar Creek, has bought a fine wheel and made it a present to Dr. E. P. Williams, of Stedman.

Mr. J. H. Bullock, while on his way from his home to Autryville, Thursday evening, Sept. 28 h, killed one of the largest bull snakes ever known of in this community. He measured five and one half feet in length and ten inches round.

Mrs. Marsh Bullard has recently returned to her home in Margarettsville.

Mrs. Sarah Bullock, of Vander, was in this community a few days ago.

Dr. T. C. Bullock, of Autryville, is adding to the beauty of his handsome dwelling at Autryville by treating it to a coat of paint.

JUMBO.

The Trottingest Mule in 71st—Exciting Race.

The mail this morning brought us the following from a valued subscriber in 71st:

SEPTEMBER 28, 1899.

The gratest trotter that ever went through Seventy-first. A litle gray mule, Blind in both Eyes, the oner of Him is Jas. A. Handon. I and Eight other Men took there Buggys and Went off on a fifteen miles drive. a Race i should call it, and the litle gray beat them all in this Race. there was a great deal of damage dun.

Jas. A. Handon beeing the lead, Mr. Henry Johnson Hated to see that and tried to drive His fine Horse Buy Him and Run in corlesion and did get too Spokes Broke in His Buggy and Jas. Handon got one Broke in His, and thin comes W. C. Handon, Jr., Him and J. D. Handon, and tried to drive by eatch other and W. C. Handon got 1 Spoke Broke in His Buggie and J. D. Handon got four Spokes Broke in His, and the Singer Broke and one ol His Shaves Broke off, and thin came thomas McNeill and got too Spokes Brook in His Buggie and thin come W. H. Cotton and W. M. Bell. they Had Run in corlesion beefore that time and did sum damage, don't know How much. and thin comes M. N. Handon and W. J. Handon and they damage was not Estimated. thin comes W. H. Evans and G. W. Handon with the Wagions they did not do any damage. but not Buy there goodness. the damage that Was done that day during the Race Estimated to about teenty five or fifty dollars, but above it all the litle gray did not let any of thim throw dust in His face—the trottingest little Blind mule that Ever went through Seventy first. I don't dread to drive Him against no mule or Horse that is in Seventy first. That's a very Large Boast, but for fifteen miles going and coming, which will bee thirty miles, i will give any one a good time. any one wish to find me or to try the litle gray my adress is Argyle P. O., Cumberland county, N. C.

Yours truly,

71st.

On the 10 h of December, 1897, Rev. S. A. Donahoe, pastor M. E Church, South, Pt. Pleasant, W. Va., contracted a severe cold which was attended from the beginning by violent coughing. He says: "After resorting to a number of so called 'specifics,' usually kept in the house, to no purpose, I purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which acted like a charm. I most cheerfully recommend it to the public." For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Son.

There's always hope while there's One Minute Cough Cure. "An attack of pneumonia left my lungs in bad shape and I was near the first stages of consumption. One Minute Cough Cure completely cured me." writes Helen McHenry, Bismark, N. D. Gives instant relief. King Bros.

E. F. Turner, Compton, Mo., was cured of piles by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve after suffering seventeen years and trying over twenty remedies. Physicians and surgeons endorse it. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. King Bros.

Chester H. Brown, Kalamazoo, Mich., says. "Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cured me of a severe case of indigestion; can strongly recommend it to all dyspeptics." Digests what you eat without aid from the stomach, and cures dyspepsia. King Bros.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR.

Regulates the Liver, Stomach, Bowels and Kidneys.

For biliousness, constipation and malaria.

For indigestion, sick and nervous headache.

For sleeplessness, nervousness and heart failure.

For fever, chills, debility and kidney diseases, take Lemon Elixir.

Ladies, for natural and thorough organic regulation, take Lemon Elixir.

50c. and $1 bottles at druggists.

Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

A Prominent Minister Writes.

After ten years of great suffering from indigestion with great nervous prostration, biliousness, disordered kidneys and constipation, I have been cured by Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir, and am now a well man. REV. C. C. DAVIS,

Eld. M. E. Church South.

No. 28 Tatnall St., Atlanta, Ga.

A Prominent Memphian Writes.

DR. H. MOZLEY, Atlanta:—Having been a great sufferer for three years from indigestion, and been treated by many physicians, who failed to give me any relief. Continuing to grow worse my brother advised me to try Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir, which remedy he had used for several years. I commenced its use, and must say that your Lemon Elixir is the greatest medicine on earth. I have never suffered a day since I commenced using Lemon Elixir. R. L. ROCCO,

206 Hernando St., Memphis, Tenn.

A Card.

This is to certify that I used Dr Mozley's Lemon Elixir for neuralgia of the head and eyes with the most marked benefit to my general health. I would gladly have paid $600 for the relief it has given me at a cost of two or three dollars.

H. A. BEALL,

Clerk Superior Court Randolph Co., Ga.

dly sat & wkly

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Housework is Hard Enough

with even the best soap which needs hard muscular rubbing to make things clean. Gold Dust does all that soap does and saves time and much rubbing.

Send for free booklet—"Golden Rules for Housework."

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

Chicago St.Louis NewYork Boston

WE ARE READY FOR YOU!

We have received and are receiving the greatest line of Fall and Winter Dress Goods and Trimmings. Staple Dry Goods and Notions. Shoes for Men, Women and Children that will be shown in this section of the Old North State.

Our Mr. Crawford has just returned from the Northern markets, and his great purchases are the talk of the community. Don't buy your Fall and Winter Dress Goods until you see our line Crepons at 35c to $2 00 per yard; Plaid Dress Goods at 5c to $1 00 per yard; All-Wool Serges, all colors, 36 to 60 inches wide, at 25c to 75c per yard; All-Wool Cheviots at 50 to 75c per yard; Black Brilliantines, 36 to 50 inches wide, at 25c to 75c per yard; Basket Cloth, 25c to 40 per yard.

We not only lead in high class Dress Goods, but in Staple Goods as well. All-Wool Filled Cashmer at 9c; Double-width Plain and Brocaded Cashmer, all colors, at 10c to 25c per yard; Outings, 5c to 10c per yard; Yard wide Bleaching 5 to 6 2-3 yard: Plaid Homespun, honest make, 3½ to 5c yard; White yard wide Homespun, AA at 4c yard; AAA at 4½c yard; Remnants in Outings, Calicoes, Percals, etc., every yard is a bargain.

SHOES.

We have over Three Thousand Pairs of NEW Shoes in our house now, and more coming every day. Every pair was bought at old prices. We never carry one season's Shoes into the next, consequently all our Shoes are new, and are absolutely the best that can be made for the money we ask for them. We are selling a high cut oak-tanned whole-stock Brogan Shoe with pegged bottoms at $1.00 each You have paid $1.25 for Shoes not as good and thought they were cheap. Our line of

Hyndes Heavy Hand-Made Shoes

for Men, Women and Children are absolutely the best Shoes that can be made out of leather. They don't cost you but very little more than cheap, shoddy goods, and will wear twice as long. We warrant every pair that goes over our counter. In the finer goods, we handle the

Hamilton Brown Shoes

for Men, Women and Children. They are recognized wherever known as being the best Shoes produced, and the prices are a little more than half what some factories get for the same grade of Shoes. We have exclusive control in Fayetteville of the Hamilton Brown line of Shoes, also of the Hyndes Hand-made Shoes. No one else has them nor can get them. It will pay you to examine these two lines of goods before buying your Fall and Winter Shoes. If you want cheaper Shoes, we have all kinds except the paper-bottom trash. All our Shoes, it makes no difference how cheap, have solid bottoms. We start Children's Shoes as low as 20c a pair, and Ladies' heavy Winter Shoes at 69c a pair. The fact that our Shoe business so far this year is abundant, twice as great as for the same period last year, is proof the people are getting more style, service and comfort in foot wear for their money than they can get elsewhere.

Capes, Jackets and Tailor-Made Suits.

Among our purchases of above goods, is a sample line of Capes, and Capes of every conceivable kind that is made On Monday, the 2nd day of October, we will put on sale every Cape in this line, about 75 in all, at manufacturers prices. To give the people who live at a distance from Fayetteville the same chance at these bargains as those who live here, we will not allow one of the garments opened or displayed until above date at 10 o'clock in the morning of that day. We will begin our Wrap season with this sale, and will have a great line of Wraps and Suits to show you. In Jackets and Suits, we handle the

Beifeld Garments,

which means perfection in fit, style, etc. Send for our Catalogue of Fall and Winter Wraps.

Our house is crowded in every department with new and seasonable and up-to-date goods. Remember that WE ARE HEADQUARTERS for Matting, Rugs, Floor Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Curtain Poles, China, Crockery, Glass-ware, Tin ware, all kinds of Lamps and Lamp Goods, Trunks, Valises, Telescopes, and a thousand and one useful household articles not found in the average dry goods stores. You can find most of the above goods in our Crockery Department, in rear of store; our 5, 10 and 25c Counters are in this department. It is worth a visit to Fayetteville to see these counters.

We extend to you a cordial invitation to make THIS STORE Your Headquarters when you are in Fayetteville.

We are pleased to announce that MAJ. W. F. CAMPBELL, one of the oldest and most experienced dry goods men in this community, is now with us, and will be pleased to see his friends and to minister to their comfort at any time they are in our city.

Yours for business,

M. F. CRAWFORD & CO

SHURLBERTS.

Shears for Trimming Tobacco in the Field and Trimming Trees and Hedges.

For sale by

WALTER WATSON,

AGENT FOR

Deering Mowing and Harvesting Machinery, Also Eclipse Engines and Saw Mill Outfits.

Address WALTER WATSON, Fayetteville, N. C.

THE OBSERVER

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., OCT. 5, 1899

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the views or statements of correspondents —and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correspondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

☞The date on your label tells you when your subscription expires Receipts for money on subscription will be given in change of date on label. If not properly changed in two weeks notify us.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. A. McKethan—Notice.
F. R. Rose—For Rent.
Theo. Evans—Land for Sale.
Mrs. Eliza Buie—Sale of Furniture.
W. S. Cook, Assignee—Notice.
W. S. Cook, Assignee—Land Sale.
Charles G. Cain, Dep'y C. S. C.—Notice.
Murchison and McDiarmid, Assignees—Notice.
Frank Thornton Dry Goods Co.—The Dawn of the Fall and Winter Season.

To Mail Subscribers.

The label bearing your address indicates the expiration of your subscription. Renew it before it expires and thereby avoid missing any copies.

One of the Tar Heel's Editors.

The first copy of the University newspaper, The Tar Heel, comes to us with the name of our young townsman, Mr. Chas. Rose, as associate editor. Mr. Rose will add much strength to this excellent college paper, as he is one of the brightest of Fayetteville's present generation of youth.

Col. Murdock McRae Dead.

Col. Murdock McRae, one of the most prominent citizens of Robeson county, died Monday night at his home, Rowmont, age 74 years.

Col. McRae was several times a member of the Legislature, and has always been looked upon as among the foremost and most substantial representatives of the best citizenship of his native county.

Messrs. Ed. and E. F. McRae, of Maxton, are sons of the deceased, and Mrs. W. A. Robeson, of this city, is a niece.

Bad News for Deer Hunters.

The following letter will be of interest to the sportsmen of Fayetteville:

Cedar Creek, N. C., Oct. 2, 1899.

Mr. Editor:

For the information of the hunters generally, I will say that the deer in this section are dying with what is supposed to be black tongue. Three bucks have been found in the last two days dead; one that had just died was examined and his tongue was found to be already decayed.

N. C. THAGARD.

Monday Messrs. W. L. Holt, Geo. A. Burns, W. N. Williams and Warren Carver, veteran deer hunters, went down to the section of country above spoken of, and report materially the same facts.

The Silk Mill—The Superintendent Arrives

Monday afternoon Mr. R. Contliffe arrived here to assume the superintendency of the big Ashley, Bailey & Co.'silk mill, which will begin operations in a few days. Mr. Contliffe has been with Ashley, Bailey & Co., in their mills at Patterson, New Jersey, about two years, coming to this country at that time from Macclesfield, near Manchester, England, the great English silk manufacturing centre. Mr. Contliffe has been schooled in the manufacture of silk since his boyhood, and is one of Ashley, Bailey & Co.'s most valued experts.

By the way, it is not generally known here, that the company of this great silk manufacturing firm, which Mr. Ashley says may some day have numerous other big plants here, are Vice President Hobart and John Wannamaker.

It is well to have such gentlemen as these interested in one's town.

Bishop Haid at the Catholic Church.

The Right Rev. Leo Haid, Bishop of North Carolina, preached at the morning and evening services at the Catholic Church last Sunday to large congregations. At the morning service ten candidates were confirmed. Both sermons, morning and evening, were eloquent, learned and instructive, and fully up to the dignity of the exalted station of the speaker.

The music, which was elaborate and especially prepared for the occasion, was splendid and was a credit to the church and the city. The choir was composed of Misses Hattie and Mary O'Brien, and Josie Latta, and Prof. R. G Weber and Messrs. E. J. Monaghan and Chas. Weber.

There was a painful accident during the service last night, but of which the congregation was in ignorance. About the middle of Bishop Haid's sermon Prof. Weber suffered a stroke of paralysis, and Father O'Brien was quietly summoned to his side while a physician was sent for. There was no interruption, and the Bishop and congregation were unaware of the fact until after the service. The stroke was limited to the right side and will not necessarily prove fatal. Prof. Weber, we learn, is already much better today.

NO CURE—NO PAY.

That is the way all druggists sell Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter, nauseating Tonics. Price 50c.

Why experiment on yourself with remedies of doubtful utility when you can get Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which has stood the test of time. Twenty-five years' sale and use have proven that remedy to be a prompt and certain cure for colds. It will cure a cold in a day if taken as soon as the cold has been contracted and before it has settled in the system. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

F. I. L. I. RETURNS.

Covered Themselves With Glory.

The F. I. L. I. arrived Sunday morning at 2 o'clock over the Coast Line on special train with the Governor and staff and troops from South Carolina The Fayetteville boys came straight through in a special car, leaving New York yesterday at 9 a. m. They are all to a man enthusiastic over their trip. Courtesies were shown them on all sides. The march on Saturday was nine miles and between a living bank of people estimated at five millions. At every stop for rest all kind of knick nacks and eatables were thrown and showered on them by the enthusiastic crowds thronging the way. Later we hope to have the notable features of the trip written up, as we are assured our readers will be interested in the trip and occasion, which for magnitude and enthusiasm calls for a place in history.

The North Carolina troops were well quartered up town in a quiet section, Broadway and 52nd Street. The South Carolina boys were down near the Bowery.

The Seventh Regiment from New York, the Fifth Regiment of Maryland, the West Pointers and the F. I. L. I wore the gray. The company was given special notice in all the newspapers, something unusual with so many companies in line, as little attention could be paid to the individual companies.

FAYETTEVILLE WAS STRICTLY IN IT.

Not only did the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry add new laurels to their unique record in the pageants of peace as well as in the serious business of war, but they gave to the Governor's mounted staff one of the best looking mounted men in the whole procession in the person of their Chaplain, the Rev. Isaac W. Hughes, who was clad in his beautiful chaplain's uniform and rode a splendid charger.

CHEERS VERSUS HISSES.

We learn that there was a remarkable discrimination made by the spectators between two of the gray clad commands: they cheered the F. I. L. I. at every step and hissed the 7th New York, with entire candor recognizing the splendid war record of our boys in contrast with the deficient war record of the New Yorkers.

The Associated Press dispatches make special mention of the F. I. L. I. as follows:

"Three companies represented North Carolina, the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry making a showy appearance."

Only one of the boys got left in New York, Ice Boufarah, the young Syrian, who has made so much money during his residence here. He is a young man of good address and appearance, has plenty of money, and will, no doubt, be able to take care of himself.

SPLENDID TRIBUTE TO THE F. I. L. I

To the Citizens of Fayetteville:

I feel it a duty, and a most pleasurable one to give due meed of praise to the body of soldiers, both officers and privates, who represented their town and State at the Dewey celebration in New York. They did honor to themselves, their military organization, their city and their State, in their manly bearing, their dignified and most gentlemanly deportment, and even among the thousands of those in line, they again and again brought forth in inspiring cheers the special enthusiasm of the millions of spectators assembled to witness one of the most wonderful of pageants. You have in every way reason to be proud of them.

ISAAC WAYNE HUGHES,
Chaplain of F. I. L. I.

Harry Leo's Romantic Ride for a Wife.

Harry Leo, who is riding around the United States for a world's record, arrived in Fayetteville Sunday evening. He will leave here on Tuesday for Charleston and so around the coast line. Leo is to ride 20,000 miles, obtain a wife and earn $500 and complete the trip in 15 months. Leo is champion long distance road rider of America. His records are: New York to Frisco and return, 212 days, distance 8,241 miles; New York to Denver. 51 days, distance 2,460 miles; Sioux Falls to New York, 25 days and 23 hours, distance 1,784 miles. Leo has been held up by tramps and has been caught on railway trestles and had to jump with his wheel to save himself; cowboys have made him sing and dance, and these are the few things he hopes to escape on this trip. Leo says this is a good chance for a romantic girl to get a good man. After getting the seal of city and postmaster Leo will start on his long ride around the United States. He is an interesting talker and his adventures on his trips are full of exciting and thrilling experiences. Leo is a dark looking chap and weighs about 152 pounds.

Conscience Money.

"I owe the enclosed amount to the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad Company for value received. Please apply it to their account."

The above was written by a party from Lincolnton, N. C., to Mr. T. L. Bass, agent of the Southern and Atlantic Coast Line railroads at this place, and was accompanied by 25 cents. Mr. Bass has forwarded the above amount to the Treasurer of the Southern Railway. This is no doubt "conscience money" and was sent by a man who probably by some means "beat" the railroad out of that amount.—Sanford Express.

Carter's Sentence Approved.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Sept. 30th.—The President today approved the sentence of Capt. Carter to five years' imprisonment and pay a fine of five thousand dollars. Carter is now at Governors Island, under arrest. The sentence will begin immediately.

LOST.

Many golden opportunities have been lost by those who suffer from rheumatism. By taking Rheumacide now they will be permanently and positively cured.

"They are simply perfect," writes Rob't Moore, of LaFayette, Ind., of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the "famous little pills" for constipation and all liver ailments. Never gripe. King Bros.

Meeting of County Commissioners.

The County Commissioners met Monday in regular monthly session present: A. B. Williams, chairman; D. G. Blue, W. H. Downing and J. G. Shaw, attorney, and J. T. Bynum, secretary.

It was ordered that ex Sheriff McD. Geddie refund to Mrs. M J. Pemberton $16 taxes improperly listed for the years '97 and '98.

It was ordered that the matter of disconnecting road in Black River township be referred to the supervisors of said township and that they report at the December meeting.

Z. Taylor, I. Strickland and L. J. Tew were appointed to examine bridge across the canal at Rhode's Mill and report on same.

It was ordered that the road recently granted in Gray's Creek township be rescinded.

The clerk was instructed to issue scrip to the amount of $25 to D. Shaw as payment for work on Blue's bridge in 71st.

JURORS FOR NOVEMBER TERM.

The following were drawn as jurors the November term of the Superior Court, which convenes November the 13th, 1899:

FIRST WEEK.

D. L. Crumpler, H. W. McLaurin, Flea Hill; S. M. Taylor, T. H. Maultsby, Cross Creek; Chas. H. Graham, John McMillan, 71st; C. J. Lee, Carvers Creek; G. C. Horne, Henry Nunnery, M. B. Fort, George Jackson, Cedar Creek; P. P. Hall, Beaver Dam; W. T. Tyson, Geo McDonald, William Faircloth, Rockfish; T. S. Jones, M. F. House, Black River; J. H. Hart, Little River.

SECOND WEEK.

N. B. Warren, J. F. Skipper, D. A. Graham, Black River; G. T. Cade, Flea Hill; W. S. Starling, Blackman Sessoms, G. W. Melvin, W. G. Hair, G. L. Averitt, Cedar Creek; F. Simmons, Beaver Dam; J. S. Batts, J. E. Graham, J. A. Barnes, Jos. W. Hollingsworth, Cross Creek; J. B. Melvin, Beaver Dam; P. N. McArthur, Rockfish; R. J. McDuffie, Gray's Creek; J. B. McVickers, Quewhiffle.

The Great Land Parade—Thirty Four Thousand in Line—Seven Hours in Passing—Schley Next to Dewey.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, September 30th.—Dewey continues to get ahead of the committees. He arrived at the City Hall at a quarter before nine, and the ceremony was all over before the singing children arrived. The cup was presented amid the loud cheers of an immense multitude. The Admiral with his suite then took his boat from Warren street for One Hundred and Twenty fifth street. A remarkable feature of the affair was the ovation paid to Rear Admiral Schley. Cheers resounded for him through the Park in greater volume than for any other except Dewey. Sampson received none.

Immense multitudes gathered at every point from which a glimpse of the land parade in honor of Admiral Dewey could be obtained. The day is magnificent. The parade started from One Hundred and Twenty-second street, River Side drive, promptly at eleven, headed by General Roe, Sousa's band and the Olympia's Jackies who led the procession. A storm of applause greeted their every footstep which were taken in exact time. The cheers never stopped but merged into a still grander acclaim when the great Admiral was seen in the carriage with the Mayor. The roar sped along eight miles as the millions in succession caught sight of the foremost man in the world, and who bore it all modestly, bowing with a deprecatory mien. After the Admiral came the Naval Admirals and Captains in carriages, then followed the Governors of the several States, each escorted by New York's most prominent citizens. Next were the naval battalions of the North Atlantic fleet. Seven battalions forming a brigade of the United States army. Next New York State Militia, with Governor Roosevelt at their head; he was also compelled to bow constantly.

The Pennsylvania and New Jersey Governors headed three regiments and two naval battalions Georgia, the first Southern State in the parade, had one regiment and two battalions, and were cheered to the echo, as were all the Southern troops. All marched grandly. Then came Connecticut, Maryland, South Carolina, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Ohio, Indiana, Mississippi, Maine, Florida, Texas and the District of Columbia. The Unarmed Division ended the procession. There were thirty-four thousand troops in line and took seven hours in passing.

Parliament to Meet.

By cable to the Observer.

London, October 2.—It is announced that Parliament will meet on October seventeenth, summoned by the Government to share the responsibility of events in South Africa and vote funds for the war office.

Looks as if Andree Passed the North Pole.

By cable to the Observer.

Stockholm, October 2.—The buoy marked "Andree Polar Expedition," which, with anchor attached, was found on September 9th on the coast of King Charles Island by the Norwegian cutter Martha Lursak, was opened yesterday in the presence of a number of experts and members of the cabinet. It was found to be the so-called North Pole buoy, which Andree had arranged if he succeeded in passing the pole.

Venezula Triumphs Over England.

By cable to the Observer.

Paris, Oct. 3.—The decision of the arbitration court is unanimously in favor of Venezuela. It gives Venezula the mouth of the Orinoco.

Later.—The award is considered a compromise rather than favoring Venezuia. Great Britain loses some of her claims in the interior and on the coast and her frontier will start at Waini river.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

"Best on the market for coughs and colds and all bronchial troubles; for croup it has no equal," writes Henry R. Whitford, South Canaan, Conn., of One Minute Cough Cure. Kirg Bros.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Orange Free State Marching to Battle.

By cable to the Observer.

Cape Town, Oct. 3.—Detachments of Orange Free State artillery are moving in the direction of Kimberly, almost on the Free State's border. The residents and colonists in the frontier towns, Kimberly and Mafking, are panic stricken. It is believed that the Free State forces will cross the frontier, seize Kimberly and attempt to hold British reinforcements from the south in check If successful the Boer raiders in the north can operate with a free hand. It is rumored that Premier Schreiner, of Cape Colony, wants to resign. He is accused of sympathizing with the Boers. The Indian troops have arrived at Durban.

Johannesburg, Oct. 3.—The mining commissioner has issued a proclamation stating that, in the event of war, the mines could be worked, and the miners will be protected. This was issued Sept. 29, but it is now withdrawn and the commissioner advises all British subjects to leave the Transvaal as soon as possible.

London, October 3.—While all despatches from South Africa dwell upon the excitement there and the expected Boer attack, there is little change in the situation, although the massing of the Boers from all directions increases the tension. While constant military orders are issued here progress is slow and it must still be weeks before England will be in a position to take the aggressive. It is believed, however, that the British troops now at the front or near it are sufficient to protect British territory. The government is not showing any signs of haste in sending the ultimatum and the Cabinet is giving the Transvaal every chance to accept the latest British proposals.

Boers Send An Ultimatum.

By cable to the Observer.)

Paris, October 4th.—A number of papers today say that the Boers have sent an ultimatum to Great Britain demanding the withdrawal of her troops from the frontiers within forty eight hours. The papers congratulate President Kruger on coming to this decision.

Bloemfontien, October 4th.—Landdrost telegraphs that British troops have crossed the border from Kimberley.

Cape Town, October 4th.—Reliable information from Bloemfontein and Pretoria was received today to the effect that the Boers will not take the offensive and invade Natal. They fear being trapped between Ladysmith and Dundee and in consequence will remain in intrenchments on the border and act on the defensive.

Simla, India, October 4th.—Under orders from the war office preparations are being hurried to embark a large force of Snoorkas and other native troops for South Africa.

London, October 4th.—The lack of direct news from the Transvaal increases apprehension. The foreign office is in momentary expectation of receiving information of the dreaded attack of the Boers upon Natal. The strict control of the latter over the telegraph will prevent a full knowledge of their movements before they have delivered the first blow.

The stock exchange influenced at the opening hours by vague rumors that the Queen had cabled Kruger and Stein holding out the olive branch, and by a report that the Boers had been defeated in a small engagement. Prices rose but there was speedy relapse when they were discredited.

THAT JOYFUL FEELING

With the exhilarating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old-time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well informed. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

A. B. WILLIAMS,
COTTON BUYER,
HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS
REVISED DAILY.

COTTON

Middling	7
Good Middling	7¼

NAVAL STORES

Spirits	46½
Common Rosin	70
Virgin	2 20
Yellow Dip	2 20
Hard	1 20

PRODUCE
REPORTED BY A. S. HUSKE, GROCER.

Flour—1st pat., sack,	$2 40@2.65
Family Flour—2nd pat., sack	$2.00@2.20
Hides—dry—per lb.	9@10
" —green—per lb.	5
Wool—washed	15@20
Bacon—hog round per lb—new	10
" —ham	11½a12½
" —sides—	10
" —shoulders—	9
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	37½@40
Peas—clay	50a60
" —mixed	40
" —white,	65
Meal—bolted—46 lbs per bushel	50@52½
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	50@55
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	50a52½
Onions—select—per bushel	75
Lard—N. C.	8@9
Tallow	4
Ducks	20@25
Hens—per head	22½@25
Roosters—per head	18 a 20
Turkeys—per lb	none
Guineas	none
Geese	25 a 30
Butter—choice yellow	16 a 20
Honey—strained—per lb	8c
Eggs,	12½a14
Feathers—new	35 a 40
Potatoes—Irish—new	80a100
Potatoes—Sweet—new	35a40
Pork	5@6

For Rent.

The "Roberts place," on Harrington Hill, near city limits. If good tenant offers, the House will be put in complete repair. Place well adapted for small garden or dairy farm. Apply to

F. R. ROSE.

Land for Sale.

450 acres of all-pine land. known as the Pierce land, in Rockfish township.

125 acres in Gray's Creek known as the Spearman land. This is all cleared and has a good dwelling thereon.

Also, my home place

FOR RENT,

225 acres of good tobacco land. Dwellings and outhouses.

THEO. EVANS,
Sherwood, Cumberland Co., N. C.

ATLANTA DENTAL COLLEGE,
Leading School of its kind in the South
CATALOGUS FREE TO PARTIES INTERESTED.

THE very word "operation" strikes terror to a woman's soul.

Nearly always these operations become necessary through neglect.

If the menses are very painful, or too frequent and excessive, get the right advice at once and stop taking chances. It will cost you nothing for advice if you write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for it, and if you let the trouble run along it will surely cost you a great deal of pain and may mean an operation.

WOMEN AVOID OPERATIONS

MISS SARAH J. GRAHAM, Sheridanville, Pa., writes: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I had suffered for several years with female troubles and doctored until I was discouraged. I felt wretched and tired of living. I had disease of kidneys, bladder trouble, dropsy and bloating, had womb trouble and a large tumor had formed; in fact all my organs were out of fix.

"Seeing a woman's letter praising your remedies, I wrote to her and she begged of me to try it, telling me all that it had done for her. I bought six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and now cannot express my gratitude to you. The tumor began to come away in pieces and I got better all the time. I believe now that I am entirely cured.

"My doctors could not believe it at first, as they all had told me that my case was a hopeless one, and no human power could do me any good. They were astounded. If I can say anything that can help other women, I shall be glad to."

It is not safe to wait until the last moment. Head off trouble by prompt attention to it. Don't be satisfied without Mrs. Pinkham's advice.

LATEST MILLINERY!

Having returned from New York and Baltimore, with the largest line of Hats that I have ever purchased, I offer the

NEWEST and MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES,
And the Cheapest Goods on the Market.

Attention is called to a Full Stock of

GOLF HATS AND MILLINERY NOVELTIES.

I have also a

FIRST-CLASS NORTHERN TRIMMER

Of Experience and Exquisite Taste.

Millinery Opening of Trimmed Hats, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6th, to which all are cordially invited.

MRS. L. R. DYE.

ARE YOU FREE
To Buy
Where You Please?

IF SO, SPEND YOUR MONEY WHERE IT COUNTS THE MOST.

More Value in a $2 40 sack of **PERFECTION FLOUR** than in any similar investment.

Why? Because PERFECTION is the *best* and *cheapest* Flour sold in Fayetteville, as scores of delighted customers will testify.

HOLD YOUR COTTON if you will and can, but remember us when you let go. Our goods and prices are strictly up to date, and a visit to Fayetteville will be incomplete without a call at No. 10 Hay Street, if you are in to trade Special values for the next two weeks in COFFEE and CHEESE BAGGING and TIES and numerous other seasonable and staple goods to be found in our varied assortment of Groceries and General Merchandise.

Q. K. NIMOCKS,
10 Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C Wholesale and Retail Grocer.

"OLD TIME MOLASSES."

We have just received a large lot of Molasses, such as we have not had for years. SEE IT BEFORE YOU BUY.

Our Michigan Flours

are still in the lead. If you have not tried a sack of "PURITAN," you do not know what you are missing. It is better than many brands on this market that costs more money.

We handle many of the leading brands of FERTILIZERS

including Acid Phosphate and Kainit.

Our stock of Hardware is complete.

A. E. RANKIN CO.

DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA TEETHING POWDERS

Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Makes Teething Easy. TEETHINA Relieves the Bowel Troubles of Children of Any Age. Costs Only 25 Cents. Ask Your Druggist for It.

Sale of Furniture.

On the 10th day of October, 1899, at one o'clock P. M., I will sell all of my household and kitchen furniture, at my home place in Seventy-First Township, the residence of the late John Buie.

This September 27th, 1899.

MRS. ELIZA BUIE.

N. A SINCLAIR, Attorney.

Notice.

Certificates Nos. 49. for 3 shares, and No. 76, for 1 share of Fayetteville Cotton Mill Stock, issued to R. M. Nimocks, having been lost or mislaid, notice is hereby given that application will be made for duplicate issue of said certificates.

W. S COOK, Assignee.

September 29th, 1899.

Notice.

We will sell, at Manchester, N. C., in front of the Murchison Mill store, on

Saturday, the 4th day of November,

1899, at 2 o'clock, p. m., for cash, THE REMAINDER in the John F. Clark homestead: that is, such interest as will remain after the expiration of the homestead interest.

L. A. MURCHISON and
W. J. McDIARMID,
Assignees.

October 5, 1899-4t

$1.98 BUYS A $3.50 SUIT

5,000 CELEBRATED "NEVERWEAROUT" DOUBLE SEAT AND KNEE, REGULAR $3.50 BOYS' TWO-PIECE KNEE PANTS SUITS AT $1.98.

A NEW SUIT FREE FOR ANY OF THESE SUITS WHICH DON'T GIVE SATISFACTORY WEAR.

SEND NO MONEY, cut this out and send us name, state age of boy and say whether large or small for age and we will send you the suit by express, C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your express office and if found perfectly satisfactory and equal to suits sold in your town for $3.50, pay your express agent our Special Offer Price, $1.98, and express charges.

THESE KNEE PANT SUITS are for boys 4 to 15 YEARS of age and are reliable everywhere at $3.50. Made with DOUBLE SEAT and KNEES, latest 1900 style as illustrated, made from a fine Italian lining, genuine Grayson interlining, padding, staying and reinforcing, silk and linen sewing, fine tailor-made throughout, a suit any boy or parent would be proud of.

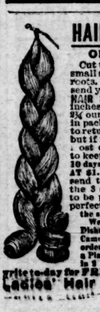
FOR FREE CLOTH SAMPLES of Boys' Clothing for boys 4 to 19 YEARS, write for Sample Book No. 935, containing fashion plates, tape measure and full instructions how to order Men's Suits made to order from $5.00 up. Samples sent free on application. Address

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Chicago, Ill.
(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

PEACE INSTITUTE,
RALEIGH, N. C.

One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.

JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.



HAIR SWITCH FREE
ON EASY CONDITIONS.

Cut this ad. out and mail to us. Send a small sample of your hair, cut close to the roots, SEND NO MONEY; we will make and send you, by mail, postpaid, a FINE HUMAN HAIR SWITCH, as exact match, made to finish long from selected human hair, 22 inches long, 3½ ounces, short stem. We will inclose in package with which sufficient postage to return it to us if not perfectly satisfactory, but if found exactly as represented and a cut extraordinary value and you wish to keep it, either send us $1.49 by mail within 10 days or TAKE ORDERS FOR 5 SWITCHES AT $1.50 EACH among your friends and send to us without any money, we to send the 5 switches to them direct by mail, to be paid for 10 days after received if perfectly satisfactory, and you can then have the switch we send you free for your trouble.

We give Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines, Dishes, Furniture, Watches, Bicycles, Cameras and other premiums for taking orders for Our Switches. One lady earned a Piano in fifteen days, one a Sewing Machine in 2 days. Grand Premium Offer—$250 in Premiums to be given away. Write to-day for FREE PREMIUM OFFER. Address

Ladies' Hair Emporium, Chicago

Notice.

North Carolina, Cumberland Co. } In the Superior Court.
Calvin Manuel } Notice.
vs.
Lavinia B. Manuel.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland county, the purpose of the same being to obtain a divorce of the plaintiff from the defendant; the defendant will further take notice, that she is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of said county, to be held on the tenth Monday after the first Monday in September, 1899, at the Court House of said county, in Fayetteville, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 2nd day of October, 1899.

CHAS. G. CAIN, Deputy
Clerk of the Superior Court.

H. L. Cook, Attorney.

The Dawn of the Fall and Winter Season. . . . .

We are pleased to announce to our many friends that we are now ready for Fall and Winter business. Our buyer has just returned from the Northern Markets, and has selected the most complete line of Dry Goods, Shoes, etc., that has ever been our pleasure to show. Our wonderful bargains and large stock of Merchandise is the talk of the town. Don't buy your FALL and WINTER GOODS until you have visited

THE BIG DEPARTMENT STORE.
THORNTON'S STORE

Has been and is to-day pre-eminent in the Dry Goods and Shoe trade of Fayetteville —we are leaders.

OUR LINE OF DRESS GOODS:

Beautiful New Percals at 8, 10 and 12½ cts per yard; Double-width Cotton Dress Goods at 10, 12½ and 15 cts; full line Cashmeres all colors from 10 to 25 cts in plain and brocade effects; All Wool Fancy and Plain Goods from 25 to 50 cts; Crepons from 8 cts yard in Cotton Goods to $2 50 in pure Silk. Most complete line Colored Dress Goods in town. Our Black Dress Goods Department is a store within itself. We are showing Black Dress Goods of every description and price in plain and brocade effects. We lead in Fine Dress Goods. Our line of Staple Dry Goods was never so complete as it is to-day. Outings 5, 8 and 10 cts yard; Yard wide AA Sheeting 4 cts; best grade 4½ cts; largest line of Calicos in town; Pants Cloth of every description and price.

Crockery, Greystone-ware and Glass-ware.

We are showing complete line of the above goods of every description and price —wish we only had space to tell you about these goods—all we ask is to look these departments over, you can save 25 per cent, we guarantee that.

Shoes for the People.

We buy all our Shoes direct from the factory and save you the middle-man's profit. Women, Men and Children Shoes of every description Ladies' Shoes all sizes 75 cts to $2.50 pair; Men's Whole Stock Brogan Shoes with pegged or cabled screwed bottom, $1 25 kind at $1 00 pair—25 cases just received. All we ask of you is to compare prices and you will find that we are the people for good Shoes at lowest. price. We are sole agents for Ziegler Bros. Shoes of every description

Capes, Jackets and Separate Skirts.

Our line of Jackets and Capes is second to none in North Carolina as to large assortment Capes from 49 cts to $10; Separate Skirts 98 cts and up; Jackets, all prices See our Ready-made Garment Department—garments cheaper than you can buy the material.

Lace and Chenille Curtains, Window-Shades.

Full and complete line Lace Curtains, Curtain Goods, Chenille Curtains, Window Shades, Curtain Poles and Fixtures of every description and price.

Carpets, Matting, Rugs and Floor Coverings.

We are showing a large consignment of Floor Coverings of every description. Carpets from 19 cts to $1.00 yard; Mattings and Rugs of every description and price. These goods may be seen on second floor. Don't buy your Winter Carpet until you see us. We have the goods at the right price. Come to see us for Carpets and Rugs.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats.

We have opened a Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Hat Department. Golf Hats from 59c to $2.00; Trimmed Hats 98c to $6 00 See us for Ladies' Hats, we can save you money and suit your taste in this line—all new goods.

Underwear, Hosiery and Gloves.

We bought 137 dozen Heavy Ribbed Ladies' Vests direct from the mill, regular 25c Vests, our price 17c, 137 dozen. Men's Heavy Fleeced Lined Shirts and Drawers, worth 75c everywhere, our price only 47c each. These goods are great values, very heavy and warm 200 dozen Ladies' and Children's Hose at 5c pair. Best 10c Stockings in town. Gloves of every description, from 25c to $1.50 pair.

We thank our many friends and customers for their past business and extend a cordial welcome to all to make this store their headquarters while in Fayetteville.

FRANK THORNTON DRY GOODS CO.,
THE BIG DEPARTMENT STORE.

5,000,000 LBS. of TOBACCO WANTED

—AT THE—

PLANTERS WAREHOUSE,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Since the opening sale at this warehouse on the 10th of August our trade has been far beyond our expectation, and the prices paid for the tobacco offered have been entirely satisfactory. The people of Fayetteville are determined to have a tobacco market. So determined are they that the following well known moneyed business men of our city have gone on the floor as buyers: Dr. H. W. Lilly, H. Lutterloh, Sheriff Geo. A. Burns, A. H. Slocomb, Geo. A. Overbaugh, Dr. T. M. Hunter, H. McD. Robinson, C. L. Bevill, W. A. Vanstory, R. McMillan, J. W. Ingold and J A. Burns These, with the buyers for the American Tobacco Co. and buyers for other big order men, and W. J. Blackburn, manager, for Planters' Warehouse, want at once every pound of tobacco possible to be gotten on the Fayetteville Tobacco market.

Your friends,
PLANTERS WAREHOUSE,
W. J. BLACKBURN, Manager.

E. L. PEMBERTON, Book Keeper.
J. C. DAILY, Auctioneer.

A BEAUTY SCREEN

your shirt front will prove to be when it is laundered at the city laundry. A man feels like somebody when he can ensconce himself behind a shirt front that looks like new, every day in the week, or don a collar or cuff that is as perfect as if bought that day, every time he arrays himself in linen "done up" here. Our laundry work is perfect.

Fayetteville Steam Laundry.

'Phone 42.

A new Private Hospital, just opened for the treatment of Medical, Surgical and Gynecological diseases of all kinds. New building with all modern conveniences—heating, lighting, ventilation, drainage, perfect; elevator; hot and cold baths on every floor. Best equipped operating room. Most modern hospital furniture. Experienced trained nurses and matron. Terms moderate. Address

DRS. MARSH & HIGHSMITH,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Twenty Years Proof.

Tutt's Liver Pills keep the bowels in natural motion and cleanse the system of all impurities An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, constipation and kindred diseases.

"Can't do without them"

R. P. Smith, Chilesburg, Va. writes I don't know how I could do without them. I have had Liver disease for over twenty years. Am now entirely cured.

Tutt's Liver Pills

The Fayetteville and Albemarle Railroad.

Mr. Brown is evidently on the road to making good his promises to build the much-talked-of road from Fayetteville to Southern Pines.

We have before us a prospectus just issued by the American Promoting and Trust Co., of 23 Doane street, Boston, to advance the sale of $500,000 first mortgage, 10 year six per cent. gold bonds on the Fayetteville and Albemarle Railroad Co. The International Trust Company, of Boston, is trustee.

The proposition sets forth, among other things:

The Fayetteville and Albemarle Railroad Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of North Carolina, for the purpose of building a line of railroad from Fayetteville, N. C., to Southern Pines, N. C., a distance of about 50 miles, has made such advances in its construction that it has been authorized to issue bonds upon its property, not exceeding ten thousand dollars per mile of completed road.

The road is soon to link together the important and thriving towns, Fayetteville and Southern Pines, and to supply the country between these points with adequate facilities to market the vast amount of Timber and Naval Stores which have been heretofore without the means of rail transportation.

SUMMARY.

Fayetteville freights,	$35 000
Lumber freights,	30 000
Turpentine, rosin, etc.,	3,000
Cotton and cotton seed,	4 000
Fertilizer,	2,000
Passenger and mail service.	1,000
Total	$75,000

The cost of operating the road will not exceed $45,000 per year. Deducting the cost of operating from the extremely low estimate for resources we have left $30,000 to apply on the bonds issued and then outstanding.

The distance which this line traverses is fifty miles, including branches, and while most roads in the South are bonded for $15 000 to $20 000 per mile, this is bonded for only $10,000 per mile fully equipped.

Estimating that it will cost the company 15 per cent to place its bonds and secure right of way, it will have left $425,000 to construct an equip the road."

Amusing Litigation.

The following is an order issued at the term of the Court just closed:

State of No. Carolina, } Circuit Criminal
Cumberland Co. } nal Court.

State *vs.* P. P. Barge and Hattie Barge:

The constable, J. H. Buckingham, will, without delay, surrender to the defendants the chicken taken from them under a search warrant in case issued by the J. P., the defendant being entitled to the possession of same.

DOSSEY BATTLE, Judge.

Constable Buckingham seized the chicken under a search warrant issued at the instance of Henry Kelly, who recognized tho fowl as his property, and 'Squire D. N. McLean bound the defendants over to the criminal court.

The Grand Jury failed to find a true bill in the case, hence the above order. Constable Maultsby has had the chicken in his possession for 81 days and is now wondering who is to pay the charges for its keep, 81 cents, which he claims is reasonable.

Old Friends.

Their many friends here have lately been delighted to greet two former citizens, Major Charles M. Stedman, sometime Lieutenant Governor of North Carolina, now a leading lawyer of Greensboro, and Major William A. Guthrie, late Populist candidate for Governor, a leading lawyer of Durham.

Both these gentlemen look in splendid health, and both deserve all the material blessings which Providence seems to be favoring them with.

Mr. Stedman spent but a day with us. Mr. Guthrie, who is accompanied by his wife, and is stopping at the LaFayette, will remain until Saturday.

A "Chip from the Same Block."

Its Fayetteville correspondent writes to the Wilmington Messenger as follows:

The Cumberland County Agricultural Society has invited Mr. A. S. Williams, a promising young lawyer of the New York city bar, to act as chief marshal of the fair in November. Even Greater New York is not big enough to hide him from the remembrance of Fayetteville and Wilmington; and, besides, we want a "chip from the same block," as his brother, Robert L. Williams, who, as chief marshal a few years ago, crowned the fair with brilliant success.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on B. E. Sedberry & Son, Druggist, and get a free trial bottle. Regular size 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers permanently cure chronic constipation, biliousness, nervousness and worn-out feeling; cleanse and regulate the entire system. Small, pleasant, never gripe or sicken—famous little pills." King Bros.

WHERE HILTON FAILED.

A Moral That a Number of Our Business Men Should Consider.

Judge Hilton, of New York, inherited from his friend, A. T. Stewart, a business worth many millions, built up on advertising, which he just as easily lost by his failure to advertise.

When Judge Henry Hilton let the great business of A. T. Stewart go to the wall it 1896, with liabilities of $2,539 907, says the Atlanta Constitution, he awoke from a dream, but too late to be of any benefit to himself. The Chicago Times-Herald, noticing this fact, shows that Stewart never ceased to be an advertiser. The notices and announcements of what he had on sale constantly appeared in the newspapers. He never thought he was too rich, or that his business was too well established, to get along without advertising. Up to the last days of his life his business was constantly kept before the public. After his death the advertising stopped or was conducted in a feeble and spasmodic way. Says the Times Herald:

"It ceased to lead because under Judge Hilton's management it ceased to advertise. Judge Hilton was a shrewd legal and commercial adviser and hard worker, but no advertiser. He thought the reputation of the house of A. T. Stewart would continue to be its own advertisement. But that was where was mistaken.

"There were rivals in the field who were quick to see the opening left when Judge Hilton changed the firm name to E. J. Denning & Co., and then to Hilton, Hughes & Co. They used printers' ink to blot out the strong impress made by A. T. Stewart on the mercantile world. Hilton did nothing to counteract the advertising of his rivals until they crowded him from the markets, and in 1896 the firm went to the wall, with liabilities amounting to $2,539,907, and no available assets."

To this pass had the attempt to do business without constant and shrewd advertising reduced the greatest dry goods concern known in the United States twenty years ago.

A. T. Stewart knew his business, and Henry Hilton knew his business. But the business of Stewart was dry goods and that of Hilton was law. The one demands publicity, the other can be transacted best in a back office. In keeping the A. T. Stewart bargains in silks and cotton goods out of print, Hilton secured privacy in that line, but killed the goose that laid the Stewart golden egg.

Today the store in which Stewart, the advertiser, made the millions which Hilton, the non-advertiser, lost, Wanamaker, another advertiser, has revived into the busy arena of trade where millions may be made again.

There is a moral in this for all who care to read.

Six Hundred Millions a Year.

Boston Hera'd.)

The expenditures of the government in July and August, the first two months of the current fiscal year, exceed the revenue by no less a sum than $7,260,970, and this shortage, be it remembered, comes in spite of revenue receipts amounting to $94,822,431 for the same period. To put the point another way, the people are bearing a burden of taxation at the rate of $550,000,000 a year; yet, on top of this enormous load they have to shoulder a deficiency running at the rate of $44,000,000 a year. Here is an outgo of $600,000,000 a year, in comparison with expenditures of about $1,000,000 a day, or $365,000,000 a year, under the Cleveland administration. The increase crowds close to a quarter of a billion dollars a year, or half a billion a Congress.

The total of the expenditures of the government growing out of the war with Spain and the attendant contest in the Philippines must by this time considerably exceed $300,000,000. As the programme of the administration will necessitate much larger disbursements in the near future, we risk nothing in predicting that before the end of the calendar year the war expenditure will reach a total larger than the entire value of the exports of manufactures from the United States during the last fiscal year, although these exports reached a magnitude never before equalled in the commercial record of the United States. We do not at all doubt that the heavy taxation which the country is now sustaining is the main cause of the collapse of the summer boom in stocks. Though started half a dozen times under apparently buoyant conditions, the advance has always failed to meet the expectations of the starters, and, under existing conditions, the disappointment seems likely to be a recurrent one.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The F. I. L. I. Off to New York.

Uncertain up to the last moment, the gallant old Fayetteville Independent Company left on the 12:20 o'clock A. C. L. train this afternoon for New York to take part in the Dewey celebration.

About 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon a telegram was received from Gen. Roe, in New York, stating that the company would be quartered and a place assigned to it in the parade, but that as the funds for subsistence of the visiting military was exhausted, the boys would have to provide for themselves in this respect. This decided them, and once again the forces were put to work to get the company off on the noon train today. But here another hitch occurred. It was found that the limit for the special rates offered to the company, $12 50 each for a body of twenty five men, had expired last night. Just when all hope of going was abandoned, Mr. Ed. Monaghan, the genial Passenger Agent of the A. C. L., came to the rescue, and, after some telegraphic communication with Mr. Emerson, the General Passenger Agent, announced that the special rate would be extended to the noon train today. From this on (it was 11:45) the armory was a scene of the liveliest excitement of hurried preparation. The boys literally jumped into their uniforms, threw on their belts, and, grabbing up rifles, fell into line and were on the march to the depot twenty minutes after it was finally decided to go. The train pulled in just as they reached the station, and they tumbled into the first car they came to. As several of the men put their uniforms on at home and joined their comrades at the eleventh hour, it was not easy to get a list of the twenty five men who went, but below we give the names of those who answered to the roll call at the armory:

J. G. Hollingsworth, Major in Command.

N. H. McGeachy, E. T. Watson and E. R. McKethan, Captains.

Rev. I. W. Hughes, Chaplain, and the following petty officers and privates:

J. A. Brown, I. Rosenthal, J. C. Mace, Rae, Pail Haigh, Harvey Lambeth, M. N. Raynor, Herbert McDonald, S. Ruffin Horne, Jas. D. Pearce, Stephen Barden, Ice Boufarah, Starr Owen, Ed. Cole and W. W. MacKoy.

Jas. R. McNeill went along with the company to look after the boys' comfort, dressed in full uniform, with Tom Dick, also dressed in uniform, as assistant. When the company reaches New York it will be joined by Mr. Jno. H. Anderson, and several other members.

A big crowd assembled at the depot to bid the boys God speed and gave them a hearty cheer.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

RUNNING SORE ON HIS ANKLE.

After Six Years of Intense Suffering, Promptly Cured By S. S. S.

Obstinate sores and ulcers which refuse to heal under ordinary treatment soon become chronic and deep-seated, and are a sure sign that the entire circulation is in a depraved condition. They are a severe drain upon the system, and are constantly sapping away the vitality. In every case the poison must be eliminated from the blood, and no amount of external treatment can have any effect.

There is no uncertainty about the merits of S. S. S.; every claim made for it is backed up strongly by convincing testimony of those who have been cured by it and know of its virtues by experience.

Mr. L. J. Clark, of Orange Courthouse, Va., writes:

"For six years I had an obstinate, running ulcer on my ankle, which at times caused me intense suffering. I was so disabled for a long while that I was wholly unfit for business. One of the best doctors treated me constantly but did me no good. I then tried various blood remedies, without the least benefit. S. S. S. was so highly recommended that I concluded to try it, and the effect was wonderful. It seemed to get right at the seat of the disease and force the poison out, and I was soon completely cured." Swift's Specific—

S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD

—drives out every trace of impurity in the blood, and in this way cures permanently the most obstinate, deep-seated sore or ulcer. It is the only blood remedy guaranteed purely vegetable, and contains not a particle of potash, mercury, or other mineral. S. S. S. cures Contagious Blood Poison, Scrofula, Cancer, Catarrh, Eczema, Rheumatism, Sores, Ulcers, Boils, or any other blood trouble. Insist upon S. S. S.; nothing can take its place.

Valuable books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

$15.95 **ONLY ONE DOLLAR DOWN**

Cut this ad. out and send to us with $1.00 and we will send you this HIGH GRADE 1899 MODEL $50.00 VICUNA BICYCLE by express, C. O. D. subject to examination. Examine it at your express office and if you find it a genuine 1899 model HIGH GRADE $50.00 VICUNA, the grandest bargain you ever saw or heard of and you are convinced it is worth $50.00 to $15.00 more than any wheel advertised by other houses up to $25.00, pay the express agent $14.95 the balance, $15.00 and express charges.

THE VICUNA IS COVERED BY A BINDING GUARANTEE. Frame is 22 or 24 inch, made from best seamless tubing, finest two-piece Dunlop hanger, finest full ball bearings. Nasse arch crown, enameled black, green or maroon, highly nickel finished. Delhi padded saddle, up or down turn handle bars, best Doyle pedals, HIGH GRADE GUARANTEED REGAL PNEUMATIC TIRES, fine leather bag, complete with all tools and repair outfit. ORDER TODAY. YOU CAN MAKE $50.00 EVERY MONTH SELLING THESE WHEELS AT $25.00. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.) CATALOGUE FREE.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

Mr. Williams Accepts the Marshalship.

We announced Wednesday that Mr. A. S. Williams had been appointed Chief Marshal of the coming Fair. We now have the pleasure to publish his acceptance, prefaced by the notification of his selection:

LETTER OF NOTIFICATION.

Office of Cumberland County Agricultural Society,
Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 26th, 1899.

Mr. A. S. Williams,

Dear Sir:—At a meeting of the C. C. A. S. you were unanimously selected to act as Chief Marshal for our annual Fair, to be held at the Fair Grounds in Fayetteville, on Nov. 8 h, 9th and 10th. Hoping you will accept, we remain,

Yours truly,
Walter Watson,
President.

A. B. Williams, G. A. Burns,
Executive Committee.

LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 27th, 1899.

Hon. Walter Watson, President Agricultural Society Cumberland County, Fayetteville, N. C.

My Dear Sir:—Your favor of the 26th inst., signed by A. B. Williams, Geo. A. Burns and yourself, as committee for the above named Society, informing me that I had been selected to act as Chief Marshal of your Fair, to be held on the 8th, 9th and 10th of November, has been received, and in reply will say that it will give me great pleasure to accept the position which you tender me.

I trust the Fair will be a great success, and if any personal efforts can contribute in any manner to accomplish that desired goal, you may rest assured of my hearty support. I am, with great respect,

Yours very truly,
A. S. Williams.

The Game Laws.

The close season for partridge hunting is from the 15th of March to the 1st of November. It was formerly from the 1st of April to the 15th of October, but the Legislature of 1891 amended it, as above stated. See Chapter 2834 of the Code for the law, and the laws of 1891 for the amendment.

A number of sportsmen of this city, learning that certain persons were already shooting quail, which are not yet full grown, in violation of this law, have formed themselves into a society for the protection of game, and will make strenuous efforts to detect violators of the same and to have them prosecuted.

The Coroner's Verdict.

Tuesday we published an account of the fatal accident to Mr. Wade Stanton, a grand-nephew of Dr. E. Floyd, of this city, near Easterling's Crossing on the Bennettsville branch of the A. C. L.

Wednesday the coroner's jury found the following verdict:

"That the deceased, Wade H. Stanton, came to his death in the county and state aforesaid on September 25, 1899, from injuries inflicted by a train on the South Carolina Pacific railway company operated by the Atlantic Coast Line company of South Carolina through and by negligence of the employes of said railway company and by their wilful omission and neglect to give the signals required by the statutes of this state, and that one LaMotte was the conductor and a person whose name to the jurors is unknown was the engineer in charge of said train."

The Pee Dee Advocate of Bennettsville says;

Coroner David has issued a warrant against Engineer Meadors and Conductor LaMotte in accordance with the finding of the jury.

Dewey's Welcome—Two Million Strangers in New York.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, September 29.—No more lovely day could have been desired than this, which is warming the heart of every one of the millions who have come to help the Metropolis welcome the hero who came from the damps of Manila. Throngs began to pour into the city early. It is now estimated that two million strangers are here, notwithstanding the fact that many line the bluff from the Jersey shores of the Bay as far down as the Narrows, for more desirable points at which to view the parade. Not a stroke of business is being done except by the venders of Dewey specialties, newspaper men, telegraphers and such like, who stick to their posts though an earthquake should shake their foundations. The decorations are now perfected and present a spectacle ravishingly beautiful. The huge letters on Brooklyn Bridge "Welcome Dewey," thirty-six feet high, twenty-four to thirty-two feet wide, and the triumphal arch on Madison Square are entirely completed. These are the pride of New Yorkers and worthy to be the pride of the entire country.

THE PARADE.

Mayor Van Wyck and committee at eleven o'clock formally welcomed Admiral Dewey. This was the official beginning of the celebration. The call of the Mayor was immediately returned by the Admiral to the steamer Sandy Hook. The Olympia was the first warship to get in the line of parade and now awaits the word to start.

Dewey was much affected by the Mayor's speech of welcome. The Olympia a mass of bunting, moved to the head of the line promptly at one. The warships followed gaily decorated and ninety-two yachts followed. Then came one hundred and fifty merchant marine followed by a crowd of miscellaneous vessels. From the start to the finish guns boomed, whistles screeched and cheers sped along the shores, keeping pace with the vessels. Such a magnificent spectacle was never before seen in New York harbor. The enthusiasm is intense, the shores were lined and every point of vantage was occupied. Nothing marred the fete, which was a magnificent success.

Rear Admiral Howison settled the question of precedence by putting the cruiser Chicago in the rear of the yachts. Many expressed pleasure at the fact he displayed.

Red Hot From the Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman of Newark, Mich., in the Civil War. It caused horrible ulcers that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures cuts, bruises, burns, boils, felons, corns, skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son, druggists.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
Cures Piles. Scalds. Burns.

CAR LOADS!

Few persons have an idea of how many goods are in a carload. We have just received a car of

Sash, Doors and Blinds,

and that means nearly one thousand opening.

We have just hauled from the H. A. Rankin mill about a Carload of MOULDING, having bought his entire stock.

We have sold about Fifteen Hundred Barrels Lime since Spring, but we have a Warehouse full now, and we guarantee every barrel to give entire satisfaction.

We have on hand about

4,000 Feet Stove-Pipe,

(Nearly a mile of Stove-Pipe).

We have on hand and contracted for

200 Stoves.

Now the point is, CUSTOMERS. We want CUSTOMERS. We want your trade, and we are persuaded you can do no better than to give it to us.

If you are interested in building of any kind, if you need Stoves to cook with or warm by, or if you need anything in the Hardware line, we believe we can satisfy you. We have not and do not expect to "Set the world on fire," but we can do you justice in the Hardware line.

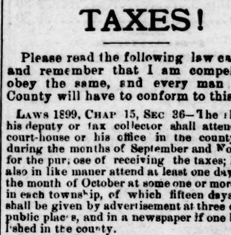
BUCK'S STOVES AND RANGES — **HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.**

SEND NO MONEY WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this ad. out and send to us, and we will send you OUR HIGH GRADE DROP CABINET BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell at $40.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay your freight agent Our Special Offer Price $15.50 and freight charges. The machine weighs 120 pounds and the freight will average 75 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS' TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your $15.50 any day you are not satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all fully described in Our Free Sewing Machine Catalogue, but $15.50 for this DROP DESK CABINET BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house.

$15.50

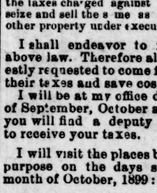
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS by unknown concerns who copy our advertisements, offering unknown machines under various names, with various inducements. Write some friend in Chicago and learn who are RELIABLE AND WHO ARE NOT.

THE BURDICK has every MODERN IMPROVEMENT, EVERY GOOD POINT OF EVERY HIGH GRADE MACHINE MADE, WITH THE DEFECTS OF NONE. MADE BY THE BEST MAKER IN AMERICA, FROM THE BEST MATERIAL



MONEY SOLID QUARTER SAWED OAK DROP DESK CABINET, PIANO POLISHED, one illustration shows machine closed, (head drop plug from sight) to be used as a center table, stand or desk, the other open with full length table and bean in place for sewing, 6 fancy drawers, total 1899 skeleton frame, carved, paneled, embossed and decorated, ebonized finish, finest nickel drawer pulls, rests on 4 casters, ball bearing adjustable treadle, genuine Smyth iron stand. Finest large High Arm head, positive four motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel, adjustable presser foot, improved shuttle carrier, automatic stitch regulator, head is handsomely decorated and ornamented and beautifully NICKEL TRIMMED. GUARANTEED the lightest running, most durable and most complete machine made. Every known attachment is furnished free and our Free Instruction Book tells just how anyone can run it and do either plain or any kind of fancy work. TWENTY-YEARS' PRINTED GUARANTEE is sent with every machine. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $50.00, and then if convinced you can save $25.00 to $40.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50, WE TO RETURN YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. BUREK TO DAY and address CHAS. ROEBUCK, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor)

Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago, Ill.



DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA TEETHING POWDERS

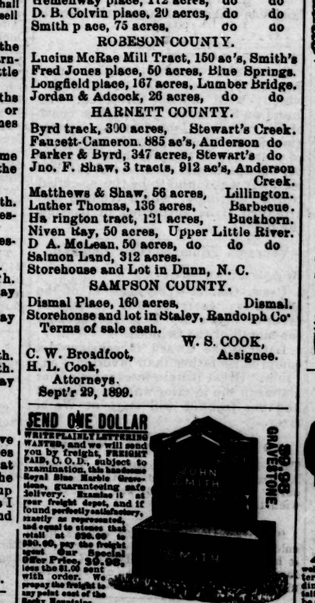
Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Makes Teething Easy. TEETHINA Relieves the Bowel Troubles of Children of Any Age.

Costs Only 25 Cents. Ask Your Druggist for It.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR

Cut this ad. out and send to us with $1.00, and we will send you this NEW IMPROVED ACME QUEEN PARLOR ORGAN, by freight, C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot, and if you find it exactly as represented, equal to organs that retail at $175.00 to $100.00, the greatest value you ever saw and far better than organs advertised by others at more money, pay the freight agent our special 90 days' offer price, $31.75, less the $1.00, or $30.75, and freight charges.

$31.75 IS OUR SPECIAL 90 DAYS' PRICE Less than one-half the price charged by others. Such an offer was never made before.



THE ACME QUEEN is one of the most DURABLE AND SWEETEST TONED instruments ever made. From the illustration shown, which is an exact reduced size from a photograph, you can form some idea of its beautiful appearance. Made from solid quarter sawed oak, antique finish, handsomely carved and ornamented, in the latest 1899 style. THE ACME QUEEN is 6 feet 5 inches high, 42 inches long, 23 inches wide and weighs 350 pounds. Contains 5 octaves, 11 stops, as follows: Diapason, Principal, Dulciana, Melodia, Celeste, Cremona, Bass Coupler, Treble Coupler, Diapason Forte and Vox Humana; 2 Octave Couplers, 1 Tone Swell, 1 Grand Organ Swell, 4 Sets Orchestral Tuned Reasonator Pipe Quality Reeds, 1 Set of 37 Pure Sweet Melodia Reeds, 1 Set of 37 Clear Fluty Brilliant Celeste Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Heavy 24 Rich Hollow Smooth Diapason Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Floating Soft Melodious Principal Reeds. THE ACME QUEEN action consists of the celebrated Sewell Reeds, which are only used in the highest grade instruments; fitted with Diamond Couplers and Vox Humana, also Patent Felts, leathers, etc., bellows of the best rubber cloth, 3-ply bellows stock and finest leather in valves. THE ACME QUEEN is furnished with a 10x14 beveled plate French mirror, nickel plated pedal frames, and every modern improvement. We furnish free a handsome organ stool and the best organ instruction book published.

GUARANTEED 25 YEARS. With every ACME QUEEN ORGAN we issue a written binding 25-year guarantee, by the terms and conditions of which, if any part proves defective we repair it free of charge. Try it one month and if we will refund your money if you are not perfectly satisfied. 500 of these organs will be sold at $31.75. ORDER AT ONCE. DON'T DELAY. OUR RELIABILITY IS ESTABLISHED If you are not dealt with us ask your neighbor about us, write the publisher of this paper or Metropolitan National Bank, or Corn Exchange Nat. Bank, Chicago; or German Exchange Bank, New York; or any railroad or express company in Chicago. We have a capital of over $100,000.00, occupy entire one of the largest business blocks in Chicago, and employ nearly 2,000 people in our own building. WE SELL ORGANS AT $22.00 and up; PIANOS, $115.00 and up; also everything in musical instruments at lowest wholesale prices. Write for free special organ, piano and musical instrument catalogue. Address, (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Fulton, Desplaines and Wayman Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

TAXES!

Please read the following law carefully and remember that I am compelled to obey the same, and every man in the County will have to conform to this law:

LAWS 1899, CHAP. 15, SEC. 36—The sheriff or his deputy or tax collector shall attend at the court-house or his office in the county town during the months of September and November for the purpose of receiving the taxes; he shall also in like maner attend at least one day during the month of October at some one or more places in each township, of which fifteen days' notice shall be given by advertisement at three or more public places, and in a newspaper if one be published in the county.

SEC. 37.—Whenever the taxes shall be due and unpaid, the sheriff shall immediately proceed to collect them as follows: 1st. If the party have personal property to the value equal to the taxes charged against him, the sheriff shall seize and sell the same as he is required to sell other property under execution.

I shall endeavor to follow strictly the above law. Therefore all parties are earnestly requested to come forward and settle their taxes and save cost's.

I will be at my office during the months of September, October and November, or you will find a deputy there at all times to receive your taxes.

I will visit the places below for the same purpose on the days stated during the month of October, 1899:

Gray's Creek, Butler's Stop, Monday 9th.
Cedar Creek, Downing's Store, Tuesday 10th.
Beaver Dam, Bullard's Mill, Wednesday 11th.
Cedar Cook, Stedman, Thursday 12th.
Seventy-First, Manchester, Monday 16th.
Little River, Smith's Shop, Tuesday 17th.
Quewhiffle, Cabin Branch, Wednesday 18th.
Seventy-First, Ray's, Thursday 19th.
Rockfish, Hope Mills No 1, Friday 6th.
Pearce's Mill, Holt's Mill, Saturday 7th.
Carver's Creek, McKay's Store, Friday 20th.
Flea Hill, Geddie's Gin, Friday 13th.
Black River, Godwin, Saturday 14th.

Those failing to meet me at the above named places and settle their taxes will be visited by myself or deputy at once for the purpose of collecting the taxes due. The taxes must be wound up by the 31st day of next December, as I am compelled to settle with the State and County by that time.

Very respectfully,

G. A. BURNS,
Sheriff Cumberland County.
Fayetteville, N. C., September 21, 1899.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

Land Sale.

By virtue of the authority contained in a Deed of Trust executed by R. M. Nimocks and wife May 19th, 1897, the undersigned will offer for sale at the MARKET HOUSE in the City of Fayetteville, N. C., on

Thursday, November 2nd,

1899, at 11 o'clock a. m, the following described lands in Cumberland, Robeson, Harnett and Sampson counties:

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

PLACE.	QUANTITY.	TOWNSHIP.
Freeman place, 75 acres,		Rockfish.
M. F. Fort, 36 acres, 2 tracts,		Cedar Creek.
T. J. Underwood, 100 acres,		Flea Hill.
A. D. McNeill, 100 acres,		Carver's Creek.
Hemenway place, 112 acres,	do	do
D. B. Colvin place, 20 acres,	do	do
Smith p ace, 75 acres,	do	do

ROBESON COUNTY.

Lucius McRae Mill Tract, 150 ac's, Smith's
Fred Jones place, 50 acres, Blue Springs.
Longfield place, 167 acres, Lumber Bridge.
Jordan & Adcock, 26 acres, do do

HARNETT COUNTY.

Byrd track, 300 acres, Stewart's Creek.
Fausett-Cameron 885 ac's, Anderson do
Parker & Byrd, 347 acres, Stewart's do
Jno. F. Shaw, 3 tracts, 912 ac's, Anderson Creek.
Matthews & Shaw, 56 acres, Lillington.
Luther Thomas, 136 acres, Barbecue.
Hamington tract, 121 acres, Buckhorn.
Niven Hay, 50 acres, Upper Little River.
D. A. McLean, 50 acres, do do do
Salmon Land, 312 acres.
Storehouse and Lot in Dunn, N. C.

SAMPSON COUNTY.

Dismal Place, 160 acres, Dismal.
Storehouse and lot in Staley, Randolph Co.

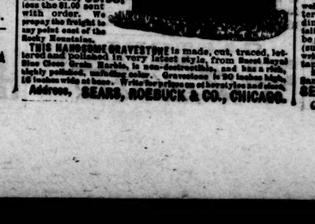
Terms of sale cash.

W. S. COOK,
Assignee.

C. W. Broadfoot,
H. L. Cook,
Attorneys.
Sept'r 29, 1899.

SEND ONE DOLLAR

WRITE PLAINLY LETTERING WANTED, and we will send you by freight, PREPAID FAIR, C. O. D., subject to examination, this handsome Royal Blue Marble Centre, guaranteeing safe delivery. Examine it at your freight depot, and if perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, and equal to stones that retail at $60.00 to $80.00, pay the freight agent Our Special Offer Price, $9.98, with order. We prepay the freight to any point east of the Rocky Mountains.



THIS HANDSOME GRAVESTONE is made, cut, traced, lettered and polished in the very latest style, from Barre Royal Blue Close Grain Marble, is non-destructible, and has a rich, dark appearance. Guaranteed 20 inches high, 10 inches wide at base. Write for design or if lettering and cost, 16 inches wide at base. Write for design or if lettering and cost, Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO.

Lost or Mislaid.

Policy No. 41,639 issued by The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company on the life of James B. Smith. The finder will please return it to the undersigned. Application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate.

J. B SMITH,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Aug 12 law4t

Reward.

A reward of Fifty Dollars will be paid for evidence sufficient to convict the party or parties who have been violating the law by cutting the wire, tearing down gates and otherwise damaging the Cross Creek stock law fence.

A. B. WILLIAMS, Chm'n
Board of County Commissioners.
J. P. THOMSON, Chm'n
Board Fence Commissioners.

Notice.

The Tax Books for 1899 are now in my hands for collection. I earnestly hope that all parties will come forward and pay their Taxes promptly. The County is in need of money, and an early settlement will avoid much trouble and annoyance

The books will be open at my office at the Court House at all times to accommodate the tax-payers of the county.

G A. BURNS, Sher'ff
Cumberland County.

d-eod 2w—w2w

SALE OF LAND.

NORTH CAROLINA—Cumberland Co

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court in Geo. W Eason *et al vs* Willie Eason *et al.*, I will sell on Saturday, the

14th day of October, 1899,

at 12 o'clock M., at public auction for cash, at the Market House in the city of Fayetteville, a tract of land, formerly belonging to Wm Eason, situate on the e st side of the Cape Fear River, and is the same land conveyed by James D. Geddie to William Eason by deed of January 1, 1882, recorded in Book V, No 3, page 402 of the records of Cumberland county, and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stake N 15 E 24½ chs. to a corner; thence S 75 E 20 chs to a corner; hence S 19 W 24½ chs to a corner in James Geddie's line; then with said James Geddie's line to the beginning, containing 50 acres more or less.

D T OATES, Commissioner.
September 9th, 1899.

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA, } In the
Cumberland County. } Superior Court.

Nancy Cobb }
vs. } Notice to Defendant.
W. L. Cobbs }

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland county, the purpose of the action being to obtain a dissolution of the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant aforesaid; and the said defendant will further take notice, that he is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of said county, to be held on the 10th Monday after the first Monday in September, 1899, at the Court House of said County, in Fayetteville, N. C., and answer to or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 27th day of September, 1899.

A. A McKETHAN,
Clerk of the Superior Court.

H. L. Cock, Attorney.

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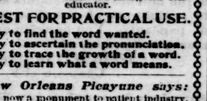

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